Book Reviews

B. Raymond Fink M.D., Editor


This book is the result of a weekend conference held at Wolf Creek Lodge, Blairsville, Georgia, on October 30-31, 1975. The conference participants and contributors to the book are among the world leaders in the field of resuscitation, and include the initiating group of American Heart Association CPR Committee members who originated nationwide training in the 1960’s—James O. Elam, Archer S. Gordon, James R. Jude, Peter Safar, and Leonard Schein.

The presentations are logically organized into subjects dealing with the Pre-Arrest Period, Airway Obstruction and Respiratory Arrest, Circulatory Arrest, Drugs in Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation, Electrocardiography, Pacing and Defibrillation, The Immediate Post Resuscitative Period, and specialized topical issues such as Massive Hemorrhage, Intrauterine Resuscitation and Near-Drowning. A helpful section on Historical Vignettes completes the book.

The individual subjects are clearly presented, and quite adequately referenced. The printing is sharp and easy to read; the illustrations are clear. Of equal, if not greater, value are the group discussions that follow the formal presentations. This is clearly the most recently published, and therefore the most up-to-date, consensus of opinion by clinicians and researchers eminently qualified in the field of resuscitation. A fascinating section on the prophylaxis and treatment of ischemic-anoxic brain damage and suggested protocols for further study in this area is included.

A review of this book can in no way do it justice. It must be read to be fully appreciated. The book belongs on the book shelf of every practicing physician in America—but only after it has been consumed, digested, underlined and dog-eared. There can be no excuse for any actively-practicing physician—regardless of specialty—to be unaware of the information contained herein.

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This book consists of eight chapters written by different authors and presented in the current series, International Anesthesiology Clinics, volume 15, number 4. The stated purpose of the text is to provide the reader with an introductory view of the nonrespiratory functions of the lung and to suggest pertinent anesthetic implications. Despite clear and concise writing, numerous figures, and an abundance of current references, the goal of developing pertinent anesthetic implications is not consistently achieved. Specific mention of anesthetic drugs or significance of nonrespiratory functions of the lung to the anesthetized patient are not abundant in the book. A statement that anesthetics produce transient depression of the lung’s defense system for controlling respiratory infections is not referenced.

The value of this book is in its concise and accurate treatment of subject such as the surfactant system, pulmonary embolism, role of solubility in elimination of inhalation anesthetics, and role of the lungs in metabolism of circulating substances such as serotonin. I doubt that the practicing anesthesiologist would gain sufficient clinically applicable information to justify adding this text to his or her personal library. Instead, this book should serve as a reference source available in a hospital or medical school library should specific questions about nonrespiratory functions of the lung arise.

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Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation is the title of this book, written in Spanish by three Venezuelan physicians. It is an ambitious under-