In Reply:—I was tempted to respond briefly to Dr. Zeitlin's poetry with a quote attributed to Mark Twain: "I'm sorry for any man who has not the imagination to spell a word two ways." This may not be appropriate, however, for a name, about which many are properly sensitive. Thus, my own minor campaigns for Doppler (not dopplar), Trendelenburg (not trendelenburg), and Mach (not mach). For that matter, for Epstein ('ep stín, not 'ep stën). Of course, we must yield to volt(a), ohm, watt, newton, ampere, henry, faraday, and so on.

I also recall writing to a prominent Midwestern professor of pediatrics to express my concern at his arrogation of our own Ivan Magill by reference to the "McGill forceps." (He never answered.) So the problem is one to which I should have been more sensitive.

My apologies to Sir Robert Macintosh, who is too much a gentleman (and too inured, no doubt, to the phenomenon) to have objected had he seen my piece. Still, two bloopers in one article. It's enough to make one stop writing encomium! Except of course for Ray Fink. Enough of this diversion from the real subject of my piece.

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REFERENCE
(Accepted for publication December 3, 1987.)

Isoflurane for Radiotherapy in Children?

To the Editor:—In the November issue of Anesthesiology, Glauber and Audenaert describe their successful experience using halothane to repeatedly anesthetize children for radiation therapy. However, in the addendum of the same article, they favor the use of isoflurane in preference to halothane because of a recent report of hepatitis following repeated halothane anesthetics in children. In the absence of a controlled study, such statements are unscientific and irresponsible. Isoflurane can induce coughing and laryngospasm, which may be disastrous during radiotherapy. Furthermore, in the absence of markers for non-A, non-B hepatitis, there is no way to know whether the children reported by Kenna et al. had concomitant non-A, non-B hepatitis.

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REFERENCES
(Accepted for publication December 4, 1987.)

In Reply: Our error in the addendum referred to by Goudsozian et al. was to describe our change in choice of inhaled anesthetic as a recommendation instead of as a reasonable alternative clinical response to new evidence, which we believe it to be. The work "recommendation" is readily withdrawn. The use of the word "ir-