

BIBLIOGRAPHICAL SECTION

THE "COÖRDINATION" OF HISPANIC-AMERICAN HISTORICAL STUDIES IN SPAIN, 1940-1943

I

Scientific research in present-day Spain, in its many branches of activity, has been systematically coördinated under the National Ministry of Education. By law of November 24, 1939, the Superior Council of Scientific Investigations was created, to direct "the restoration of the classic and Christian unity of the sciences," and to promote "communication and interchange with other research centers of the world," under the sponsorship and with the financial support of the national government. With the statute of February 10, 1940, this program for "the orientation, coördination, and promotion of scientific investigations, with the fundamental directive purpose of unifying the sciences and serving the national good," became a reality. The membership of the Council, appointed by the Ministry of Education, is composed of representatives from the universities, royal academies, archives, libraries, museums, engineering schools, centers of technical research of the army, navy and air force, art institutes, centers of religious studies, the Institute of Political Studies, and public and private centers of research. The central offices and quarters of the Council are at 4 Medinaceli Street, Madrid, Spain.

Under the Superior Council of Scientific Investigations, the centers of scientific research now active throughout Spain are organized into the patronages of Raimundo Lulio, Marcelino Menéndez y Pelayo, Alfonso el Sabio, Santiago Ramón y Cajal, Alonso de Herrera, and Juan de la Cierva Codorniu, each of which directs the activities of a number of related research institutes. The activities of all the research institutes of the Patronage of Raimundo Lulio and the Patronage of Marcelino Menéndez y Pelayo (apart from the Gonzalo Fernández de Oviedo Institute of Hispanic-American History, one of the research institutes of the Patronage of Marcelino Menéndez y Pelayo, and other centers of Hispanic-American studies, described below), are within the field of interest of Hispanic-American studies:

The Patronage of Raimundo Lulio.

Francisco Suárez Institute of Theology. Director: Leopoldo Eijo y Garay. Publishes two reviews: *Revista española de teología*, and *Estudios bíblicos*. The Institute is preparing a *Bibliotheca Patrum Hispanorum*, to contain critical editions of all available early Spanish theological writings, most of them hitherto unedited; also a critical edition of the complete works of Suárez, preceded by three volumes devoted to his ideas, sources, and doctrines.

Luis Vives Institute of Philosophy. Director: Manuel Barbado Viejo. Publishes the *Revista filosófica*.

Francisco de Vitoria Institute of Law. Director: Carlos Ruiz del Castillo. Publishes the *Revista de estudios jurídicos*. The Institute has prepared for publication a *Repertorio diplomático*, on the international treaties made by Spain from the twelfth century to the present.

Sancho de Moncada Institute of Economics. Director: J. M. Zumalacárregui Prat. Publishes the *Anales de economía*.

San José de Calasanz Institute of Pedagogy. Director: Manuel Barbado Viejo. The Institute is reëditing and bringing up to date the *Bibliografía pedagógica*.

The Patronage of Marcelino Menéndez y Pelayo.

Antonio Nebrija Institute. Director: Ramón Menéndez Pidal. This Institute has replaced most of the sections of the former Centro de Estudios Históricos, which was under the same director. It is engaged in research in classical philology, Spanish linguistics, and literature; publishes two well-known journals discontinued during the Civil War: the classical journal *Emérita*, and the *Revista de filología española*; collaborates in the publication of the *Revista de estudios vascos*.

Benito Arias Montano Institute of Arabic and Hebrew Studies. Director: Miguel Asín Palacios. Comprises The School of Arabic Studies and The School of Hebrew Studies in Madrid, and The School of Arabic Studies in Granada. Publishes the journal of Arabic studies *Al-Andalus*, and *Sefarad*, the first learned journal of Hebrew studies ever to appear in Spain.

Diego Velázquez Institute of Art and Archaeology. Director: Manuel Gómez Moreno. Publishes the reviews *Archivo español de arte*, and *Archivo español de arqueología*. The first volume of a very useful bibliography has appeared, entitled *Bibliografía de arte español y americano (1936-1940)*, Madrid, 1942, edited by Matilde López Serrano, scheduled to appear annually.

Juan Sebastián Elcano Institute of Geography. Director: Eloy Bullón Fernández. Publishes the *Estudios geográficos*, which contains full-length monographs, rather than shorter studies, copiously illustrated with maps.

Bernardino Sahagún Institute of Anthropology and Ethnology. Director: José Pérez de Barradas. Publishes the review *Atlantis*.

Jerónimo Zurita Institute of History. Director: Pío Zabala Lera. Publishes the historical review *Hispania*.

II

The Gonzalo Fernández de Oviedo Institute of Hispanic-American History is directed by the following staff: Director, Antonio Ballesteros Beretta; Vice-director, Cristóbal Bermúdez Plata; Secretary,

Ciriaco Pérez Bustamante. It is divided into five research groups: Discoveries and Navigation (directed by Julio Guillén), Conquest and Colonization (directed by Carlos Pereyra until his recent death), Institutions (directed by C. Pérez Bustamante), Missions (directed by Constantino Bayle, S.J.), Contemporary America (directed by Santiago Magariños Torres). All these men are well known to students of Spanish and Hispanic-American history in this country. Best known, perhaps, are Ballesteros Beretta, author of the monumental *Historia de España y su influencia en la historia universal*, 8 vols., Barcelona, 1918-1936, and Pereyra, author of *Historia de la América española*, 8 vols., Madrid, 1920-1926.

The Institute has prepared a card catalogue of all the works referring to America in the Biblioteca Nacional and the Biblioteca del Senado, and similar catalogues for other libraries in Spain are being prepared. Among the various research projects of the Institute now in progress, of special interest are the *Atlas histórico de las Indias*, a projected two-volume work in preparation under the direction of the historical geographer Julio Guillén; the *Diplomatario Colombino* being prepared by Ballesteros Beretta, to contain all the known documentation on Columbus, in facsimile reproduction, with notes and commentary; and the publication of a catalogue of passengers to the Indies up to the end of the eighteenth century, by Cristóbal Bermúdez Plata, Director of the Archive of the Indies, in Seville, the first two volumes of which have appeared. For the period covered Bermúdez Plata's volumes supersede all previous published lists, including the fragmentary lists of Luis Rubio y Moreno, upon which various studies in this country have been based (cf. the article of C. Pérez Bustamante, listed below, which utilizes Bermúdez Plata's recent lists).

The following volumes have been published by the Institute:

- Barón Castro, Rodolfo. *La población de el Salvador. Estudio acerca de su desenvolvimiento desde la época prehispánica hasta nuestros días.* Madrid, 1942. Pp. 652.
- Bermúdez Plata, Cristóbal. *Catálogo de pasajeros a Indias, durante los siglos XVI, XVII y XVIII.* Vol. I (1509-1534). Sevilla, 1940. Pp. xvi, 518. (Reviewed in THE HISPANIC AMERICAN HISTORICAL REVIEW, XXII [May, 1942], 388-389.)
- . Vol. II (1535-1538). Sevilla, 1942. Pp. xi, 507.
- Galante, Hipólito, ed. *Tratado y relación de los errores, etc., de los indios, por Francisco de Avila.* Madrid, 1942. Pp. ciii, 424. Contains Quechua text, with Latin and Spanish translations.
- Lafuente Ferrari, Enrique. *El Virrey Iturrigaray y los orígenes de la independencia de Méjico.* Madrid, 1941. Pp. 454.

- Lopetegui, León. *El Padre José de Acosta, S.J., y las misiones*. Madrid, 1942. Pp. xlvii, 524.
- Pereyra, Carlos, ed. *Historia verdadera de la conquista de la Nueva España, por Bernal Díaz del Castillo*. Vol. I. Madrid, 1940. Projected three volume critical edition.
- Rodríguez Casado, Vicente. *Primeros años de dominación española en la Luisiana*. Madrid, 1942. Pp. 495. Fifty-four maps and illustrations.

The Institute publishes the historical journal *Revista de Indias*, under the general editorship of Ballesteros Beretta, with Pérez Bustamante as managing editor. Only two numbers were issued during the first year of publication, 1940, but now it appears quarterly. Volumes I to III, comprising numbers 1 to 10, cover the first three years of its existence. The following list contains the articles that have appeared up to the beginning of the year 1943. The first number of the year 1943 (IV. No. 11) is included in this listing because it contains the last installments of studies that appeared in previous numbers. The list should be useful since no mention has been given any of these articles either in the bibliography section of the *American Historical Review*, or in previous numbers of this review. Of special interest are the studies of Ballesteros Beretta, Pérez Bustamante, Guillén, Jos, Pereyra, Porras Barrenechea, and Ibarra y Rodríguez, some of which throw new light on articles on the same topics that have appeared in THE HISPANIC AMERICAN HISTORICAL REVIEW.

- Alonso Cortés, Narciso. "Datos de Don Pedro Gasca," III, No. 7, 130-135.
- . "Fr. Bartolomé de las Casas en Valladolid," I, No. 2, 105-111.
- Alvarez López, Enrique. "El Dr. Francisco Hernández y sus comentarios a Plinio," III, No. 8, 251-290.
- Alvarez Rubiano, Pablo. "Importancia político-social de las mercedes de 1519 concedidas a los labradores de Tierra Firme," II, No. 5, 133-148.
- . "Los indígenas de Méjico en 1820, según un testimonio epistolar," III, No. 7, 125-130.
- Ballesteros Beretta, Antonio. "Don Juan Bautista Muñoz: Dos facetas científicas," II, No. 3, 5-37.
- . "Juan Bautista Muñoz: La creación del Archivo de Indias," II, No. 4, 55-95.
- . "Don Juan Bautista Muñoz: La Historia del Nuevo Mundo," III, No. 10, 589-660.
- Ballesteros Gaibrois, Manuel. "Bastidores diplomáticos," I, No. 1, 107-120.
- . "Museología española," II, No. 5, 65-81.
- Bayle, Constantino. "IV Centenario del descubrimiento del Amazonas: Descubridores jesuitas del Amazonas," I, No. 1, 121-185.
- . "Pastelerías en Lima primitiva," II, No. 3, 150-153.
- . "Un 'Dorado' Inglés en la cárcel de la Villa de Madrid," IV, No. 11, 167-176.
- . "Un libro nuevo de Gonzalo Ximénez de Quesada," III, No. 7, 111-120.

- Bermejo de la Rica, A. "Antecedentes diplomáticos de la campaña de D. Pedro de Cevallos en el Uruguay en 1777," III, No. 8, 323-371.
- Bermúdez Plata, Cristóbal. "Un mapa inédito de Cartagena de Indias," I, No. 2, 116-119.
- Calderón Quijano, José A. "El fuerte de San Fernando de Omoa: Su historia e importancia que tuvo en la defensa del golfo de Honduras," III, No. 9, 515-548; IV, No. 11, 127-163.
- Chevalier, François. "Notes d'histoire économique: les manuscrits inédits de López de Caravantes," III, No. 7, 123-125.
- Cotarelo Valledor, Armando. "Don Mateo Segade Bugueiro, Arzobispo de Méjico, Obispo de Cartagena (1605-72)," III, No. 7, 41-62; III, No. 8, 291-321.
- Entrambasaguas, Joaquín de. "Para la Historia de la conquista de Nueva España," III, No. 8, 375-377.
- . "Sobre la familia de D. Juan Ruiz de Alarcón," I, No. 2, 125-128.
- Fernández Pousa, Ramón. "Una 'Imago mundi' española," II, No. 6, 39-65.
- García Franco, Salvador. "La geografía astronómica y Colón," IV, No. 11, 93-115.
- Gavira, J. "Un paisaje urbano: Buenos Aires," II, No. 5, 39-63.
- Graíño, Antonio. "Las imprentas menores en Ultramar y el libro durante la tutela de España," II, No. 6, 149-163.
- . "Tres joyas de la bibliografía lingüística," III, No. 7, 136-139.
- Guillén, Julio F. "Cuatro cartas jesuíticas de la región magallánica," II, No. 6, 67-80.
- . "El nuevo mapa del P. José de Alzate," I, No. 1, 197-202.
- . "Nuevos precedentes cartográficos de la Tierra del Fuego," I, No. 2, 71-82.
- . "Una carta inédita del estrecho de Le Maire, e identificación de otras dos anónimas del siglo XVII," I, No. 1, 35-62.
- . "Un globo terrestre del siglo XVI," II, No. 4, 97-106.
- Herrero, Miguel. "Jauja," II, No. 5, 151-159.
- . "Las viñas y los vinos del Perú," I, No. 2, 111-116.
- . "San Luis Bertrán en Indias," II, No. 6, 163-169.
- Hidalgo Nieto, Manuel. "La cuestión hispano-portuguesa en torno a las islas Molucas," III, No. 9, 429-462 (to be continued).
- Ibarra y Rodríguez, Eduardo. "Los precedentes de la Casa de Contratación de Sevilla," II, No. 3, 85-97; II, No. 4, 5-54; II, No. 5, 5-38.
- Jos, Emiliano. "Centenario de Amazonas: La expedición de Orellana y sus problemas históricos," III, No. 10, 661-709; IV, No. 11, 5-42.
- . "Centenario de Fernando Colón: Enfermedad de Martín Alonso," III, No. 7, 85-110.
- . "Impugnaciones a la 'Historia del Almirante,' escrita por su hijo," III, No. 8, 189-221.
- . "Notas sobre Juan Vicente Bolívar y su misión diplomática en los Estados Unidos (1810-1811)," II, No. 4, 135-163.
- Juliá Martínez, Eduardo. "Notas sobre el Dr. D. Miguel de Poblete, Arzobispo de Manila," III, No. 8, 223-249.
- Lasso de la Vega, Miguel. "Sigilografía hispano-americana: 1562-1625," II, No. 3, 99-113.

- Lejarza, P. Fidel. "Rasgos autobiográficos del P. Escobedo en su poema 'La Florida,'" I, No. 2, 35-69.
- Lohmann Villena, Guillermo. "Notas sobre el Conde de Cañete, virrey del Perú," III, No. 9, 551-558.
- Lopetegui, P. León. "Labor del Padre José de Acosta, S.J., en el Concilio III de Lima, 1582-1583," III, No. 7, 63-84.
- . "Vocación de Indias del P. José de Acosta, S.J.," I, No. 2, 83-102.
- Magariños, Santiago. "La formación intelectual de don Juan de Solórzano Pereira," I, No. 1, 89-106.
- Manzano Manzano, Juan. "El derecho de la Corona de Castilla al descubrimiento y conquista de las Indias de Poniente," III, No. 9, 397-427 (to be continued).
- Marco Dorta, Enrique. "La arquitectura del renacimiento en Tunja," III, No. 9, 463-513.
- Martín Moreno, Ángel. "La explotación minera del Valle del Supia en el siglo XVIII," IV, No. 11, 117-126.
- Peña Cámara, José de la. "La Copulata de leyes de Indias y las Ordenanzas ovandinas," II, No. 6, 121-146.
- . "Las redacciones del Libro de la gobernación espiritual. Ovando y la Junta de Indias en 1568," II, No. 5, 93-115.
- Pereyra, Carlos. "El Guadalquivir en la historia de América," I, No. 1, 15-34.
- . "La comprobación del fraude cometido por el editor de las 'Noticias secretas,'" II, No. 4, 107-133.
- . "La mita peruana en el calumnioso prólogo de las 'Noticias secretas,'" II, No. 6, 5-37.
- . "Las 'Noticias secretas' de América y el enigma de su publicación," I, No. 2, 5-36.
- Pérez Bustamante, C. "Campillo y las Indias," I, No. 2, 119-125.
- . "Fr. Bartolomé de Barrientos y su 'Vida y hechos de Pedro Menéndez de Avilés,'" I, No. 1, 73-88.
- . "Las regiones españolas y la población de América," II, No. 6, 81-120.
- Piga Pascual, Antonio. "La lucha antialcohólica de los españoles en la época colonial," III, No. 10, 711-742.
- Porrás Barrenechea, Raúl. "El testamento de Mancio Serra," I, No. 1, 63-72.
- . "El testamento de Pizarro de 1539," No. 3, 39-70.
- . "Francisco Pizarro," III, No. 7, 5-39.
- Rodríguez Casado, Vicente. "Costumbres de los habitantes de Nueva Orleans en el comienzo de la dominación española," II, No. 6, 170-179.
- . "Huancavelica en el siglo XVIII," II, No. 5, 83-92.
- . "O'Reilly en la Luisiana," II, No. 3, 115-138.
- Sáenz de Santa María, C. "Dos grandes filólogos hispanoamericanos: Fray Francisco Ximénez, O.P., y Fray Ildelfonso Joseph de Flores, O.F.M." No. 5, 117-132.
- Saltillo, Marqués del. "Don Francisco Cerdá y Rico y su ingreso en la Orden de Carlos III (1790-91)," III, No. 10, 745-748.
- Trimborn, Hermann. "Menschenopfer im Caucaatal: (Los sacrificios humanos en el valle del Cauca, Colombia)," III, No. 3, 71-84.
- . "Tres estudios para la etnografía y arqueología de Colombia," IV, No. 11, 43-91.

III

By decree of November 10, 1942, the Facultad de Filosofía y Letras, of the University of Seville, was established as the Escuela de Estudios Hispano-Americanos. The purpose of this School of Hispanic-American Studies, an autonomous unit of the university, is to train specialists in American studies on the university and graduate levels. A program of courses is offered with that specific purpose in mind. The director is Antonio Ballesteros Beretta.

Independent of the various research centers referred to above, but within the Superior Council of Scientific Investigations, is the Committee on Bibliography and Scientific Interchange. Its president is Miguel Artigas, director of the Biblioteca Nacional, in Madrid. The Committee publishes a review entitled *Revista de bibliografía nacional*. Among the volumes recently published by the Committee is a *Bibliografía de bibliografías hispánicas*. The organization has also undertaken the gigantic task of making an "Inventario Bibliográfico Nacional," a card catalogue of all books printed in Spain from the introduction of printing to the present, adding titles of new books as they appear. Hitherto no such catalogue has been attempted. B. Sánchez Alonso, one of the collaborators of this Committee, well known to students of Hispanic-American history through his fundamental *Fuentes de la historia española e hispanoamericana*, 2d ed., Madrid, 1927, has recently published the first volume of *La historia de la historiografía española*, Madrid, 1941. This 478-page volume, written on the order of Fueter's classic work, covers the period to 1543. The author plans to carry the study to the end of the eighteenth century.

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