

García Icazbalceta, regarding the apparition of Our Lady of Guadalupe, to mention only a few of them.

In the third group, of particular interest to the librarians, and of no small value to the historian and research worker, he includes four essays on libraries: Libraries of Mexico, the Palafox Library of Puebla, the Library of the Cathedral of Mexico, and the National Library, replete with facts which, although found in other sources, are here brought together and critically evaluated.

The fourth group consists of two short essays on the printing press in Mexico during the period of Spanish domination, and the printing press in Guadalajara.

The author explains that a good many of the essays put together in this volume had been previously published in the ephemeral reviews and newspapers of Mexico, where those who have had experience know it is next to impossible to find them. But the author has brought up to date the data in the original publication, revising the essays where more recent investigations have thrown new light on the subject.

To the antiquarian, as well as to the historian, the bibliophile, and the collector, this volume is indispensable. To those who love to stray through unfrequented paths and to revisit historical epochs in the fascinating field of Mexican culture, *Disquisiciones bibliográficas* will prove a veritable treasure trove.

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*Anuario bibliográfico mexicano de 1940: catálogo de catálogos e índice de periódicos de 1941-42.* Compilados por JULIÁN AMO. [Serie bibliografías mexicanas.] (Mexico: Secretaría de Relaciones Exteriores, Departamento de Información para el Extranjero, 1942. Pp. 316.)

As stated in the preliminary notice, the Secretaría de Relaciones Exteriores resumes with the present publication its series of bibliographical annuals. The last, covering publications of 1939, was prepared by the former Asociación de Libreros de México. Previous annuals as noted are as follows: 1888, prepared and published by Luis González Obregón; 1931, 1932 and 1933, by Felipe Teixidor; 1938, 1939 and 1940 (incomplete) by Francisco Gamoneda.

The material contained in the present volume is arranged as follows:

I. Preliminar. II. Legislación mexicana del Registro de propiedad intelectual. III. Libros de 1940, mexicanos o sobre México. IV. Catálogo de catálogos de editores, libreros y distribuidores de la ciudad de México. V. Índice de periódicos y revistas que se editan actualmente en la República. VI. Índice general.

In the list of publications of 1940, 835 titles are included in classified order. Full titles, imprints, collation, sizes, and, in many cases, prices are given without descriptive or critical annotations. The list is followed by indexes of authors and names, of books on Mexico published in other countries, and of translations.

The statement is made that the output for 1940, while superior to that of 1939, includes few works of real importance.

The list of publishers, dealers, and distributors of the capital is an interesting and valuable feature, the first attempt of the kind in Mexico, giving short titles and prices of books available in the market, works out of print being omitted.

Titles of 1927 periodicals and reviews published in the republic are listed without bibliographical data.

The *Anuario* is a valuable tool for librarians, students and dealers, and a credit to the compiler and to the Secretaría de Relaciones Extranjeras under whose auspices it was prepared.

C. K. JONES.

Library of Congress.

*Bibliografía de la Secretaría de Hacienda y Crédito Público.* (Mexico: Biblioteca de la Feria del Libro y Exposición Nacional del Periodismo, 1943. Pp. ii, 226.)

This bibliography is in two parts. "The first comprises works and documents published officially by the Secretaría de Hacienda or with its authorization; in the second part are grouped the publications made by other departments of the Government, and by individuals, relative to the affairs entrusted to the Secretaría de Hacienda y Crédito Público." The period covered is 1821-1942.

The material in the first section, classified and arranged alphabetically by titles, should prove most useful. Complete bibliographical details have been supplied, for the most part on the basis of a first-hand examination of the hundreds of circulars, *memorias*, annual reports, and other publications cited. In a preliminary note the editors admit that the bibliography represents only one month's work and promise to make amends for errors of omission and commission in a later publication. In this case it would be desirable to furnish more information concerning the location of the scarce material. I