the favor of Doña Juana, who issued the capitulations for the exploration of the Pacific. Charles again turned away from this policy, eliminating Cortés from a position to which his ability and record entitled him. Little by little, earlier honors and grants were cut off from one who conquered, at no cost to the crown, one of the richest jewels in the imperial diadem.

This collection should be of great use to historians, and the editors are to be congratulated on their contribution to Cortesiana.

Mexico City.

Luis Romero Solano.

Documentos historicos. Vol. LXXXII. [Brazil Ministério da Educação e Saúde, Biblioteca Nacional.] (Rio de Janeiro, 1948. Pp. 398. Paper.)

A continuation of the publication of codex 1-19-16-2, Registo de Provisões da Casa da Moeda da Bahia, 1783-1793, occupies pp. 5-266. The rest of this volume is given over to codex 1-19-17-2, Registo de Cartas Régias, Livro 2, 1678-1705, of which the part down to 1684 appears here.

The First Three Voyages to Yucatán and New Spain, According to the Residencia of Hernán Cortés. Translated by ROBERT S. CHAMBERLAIN. [University of Miami Hispanic-American Studies, edited by J. Riis Owre.] (Coral Gables, Florida: The University of Miami, 1949. Pp. 31. \$0.75.)

This pamphlet consists of the first eighty points of the questionnaire of the Cortés Residencia drawn up in 1529 by Cortés' legal representatives. The questionnaire includes much information from earlier correspondence and legal documents and is therefore a contemporary source of importance for the conquest of Mexico, especially as it antedates the contemporary histories of this subject. These eighty points treat of the invasion of the mainland by Hernández de Córdoba, Juan de Grijalva, and Cortés through the latter's battles with the Indians of Tabasco. The questions are presented in a consecutive narrative, with introduction and explanatory notes; the translation is in excellent English and a worthwhile contribution to Mexican history.

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O ditador de Portugal Marquês de Pombal. By Marcus Cheke. Translated from the English by António Álvaro Doria. [Colecção Peregrina, No. 4.] (Oporto: Livraria Civilização, 1946. Pp. 330. Paper.)

Marcus Cheke, an official of the British Foreign Office and, like several of his colleagues before him, a student of Portuguese history as