Images in cardio-thoracic surgery

Giant posterior mediastinal benign cystic teratomatous ganglioneurofibro-lipoma in the first decade

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A 4½-year-old girl on evaluation for dyspnoea had a large mass lesion occupying right lower hemithorax delineated by chest CT (Fig. 1A). Fleshy posterior mediastinal tumour (Fig. 1B) enucleated through thoracotomy showed adipose tissue with cystic spaces containing mature dermal, mesodermal and neuroectodermal elements (Fig. 2A and B) histologically.