

Diabetic to a Young Adult," he emphasized the role of camps for diabetic children in helping them make satisfactory adjustment to their ailment.

Edwin L. Rippy, M.D., as President of the Dallas (Texas) School Board, appointed a four-member committee to investigate the feasibility of building an educational television station in Dallas.

Edward J. Stieglitz, M.D., of Washington, D. C., presented a paper, "Constructive Health-Management's Stake in Industrial Health Programs," at the 1954 Industrial Health Conference at Chicago, April 26-30.

Obituaries

William H. Gillentine, M.D., of New Orleans, a member of the American Diabetes Association since 1941, died April 16 at the age of 45.

A graduate of Tulane University of Louisiana School of Medicine, Dr. Gillentine had been a member of its Faculty since 1933. He was a Fellow of the American College of Physicians and was certified by the American Board of Internal Medicine in 1941.

Among his local medical activities, Dr. Gillentine served as Treasurer and President of the New Orleans Graduate Medical Assembly and was affiliated with Charity Hospital of Louisiana, Southern Baptist Hospital, Touro Infirmary and Ear, Eye, Nose & Throat Hospital of New Orleans, as well as the Hutchinson Memorial Medical Clinic of Tulane University.

Samuel Gitlow, M.D., of the Bronx, New York, died early in the year in Miami, Florida. An Active Member of the American Diabetes Association since 1941, Dr. Gitlow was 64 years old. A graduate of Columbia University College of Physicians and Surgeons in 1912, Dr. Gitlow interned at Lebanon Hospital. He was a Fellow of the College of American Pathologists and a member of the New York Academy of Medicine. He served as president of the Bronx County Medical Society in 1928, and was also president of the North Bronx Medical Society in 1943, and of the Bronx Pathological Society in 1933.

Dr. Gitlow was assistant professor of biological chemistry at the College of Physicians and Surgeons in 1917-18. Associated throughout his career with Lebanon and Daughters of Jacob Hospitals, he served variously

as chief of the medical and diabetic clinics, pathologist, attending physician, and consultant. He had been retired for several years.

Willard Owen Thompson, M.D., of Chicago, an Active Member of the American Diabetes Association, died on March 23. He is survived by his widow, Phoebe K. Thompson, and four children.

Dr. Thompson was born Feb. 17, 1899, in Fredericton, New Brunswick, Canada, the son of Samuel Sterling and Mary Owen Thompson. He received his B.A. degree from Dalhousie University, Halifax, Nova Scotia, in 1919, and his M.D. degree from Harvard Medical School, Boston, in 1923. He interned at the Boston City Hospital and from 1925 through 1929 was a graduate assistant and research fellow in medicine at Harvard Medical School and at the Massachusetts General Hospital, where he was in charge of the Metabolism Laboratory.

Dr. Thompson went to Chicago in December 1929, where he was a member of the faculty of Rush Medical College from 1929-41, and of the University of Illinois College of Medicine from 1941 until the time of his death. He then held the position of Clinical Professor of Medicine. He was Associate Attending Physician at the Presbyterian Hospital, Chicago, 1930-46, and Attending Physician at Henrotin Hospital, Grant Hospital and Research and Educational Hospitals from 1946 until his death.

Among the earliest members of the American Diabetes Association, Dr. Thompson also served as president of the Chicago Medical Society, the American Goiter Association, the Mississippi Valley Medical Society, and the American Geriatrics Society. He was a member of the Governing Body of the International Association of Gerontology, the Council of the American Therapeutic Society and the Board of Trustees of the Mississippi Valley Medical Society. He was a fellow of the American College of Physicians, and a member of the Association of American Physicians, The Endocrine Society, and of many other medical societies.

He was editor of the Journal of the American Geriatrics Society and of the Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism. Dr. Thompson contributed numerous articles to medical journals and textbooks. His scientific investigations added fundamental knowledge of diseases of metabolism.

His tremendous vigor and untiring efforts contributed greatly to the improvement of the many medical organizations with which he was associated.