1793, just two days after his thirtieth birthday. A remarkable little book is in my possession (printed in 1796) by an anonymous "Officer of the Guards," who, as an eyewitness, gives a detailed description of the affair, dated the following day. The Brigade of Guards, being at Menin, were sent (less their flank companies) at the entreaty of the Prince of Orange, to help some Dutch troops who were outnumbered at Lincelles, nearly six miles S.S.W. from Menin.

When arrived near the village, we hunted around,
But in vain, not a Dutchman was there to be found.
With Lake at their head; who, belov'd and rever'd,
Not less by his conduct than valour's endear'd
To us all. That he headed the Guards at Lincelles,
The annals of war to his credit shall tell.
He rode down the line, and encourag'd his men,
To charge and retake the redoubts once again.

The business completely and quickly was done.
Twelve pieces of cannon were gallantly won.
Thus our eye-witness. The hill on which stood the village was not, "very high," in fact no more than 200 feet, and it may be added that the force under Gerard Lake numbered not 10,000 but 1,100, which shows how much historical accuracy may be looked for in a nursery rhyme.

On the flight of the Dutch being reported to him, the Duke ordered up another brigade and some Hessian battalions in support, on whose arrival the Guards marched down the hill again and back to camp at Menin, since when the name Lincelles finds a worthy place among their many battle honours.

I have searched in most of the likely places for anything to show that the lines quoted by Asaph were set to music, but so far without success.

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FALSTAFF'S IMPESA (clxiv. 389). — With regard to the quotation from Horace, "Micat inter omnes," there is an apt double pun on the title-page of George Hoddesford's 'Monody on the Death of Dick an Academical Cat." Mi-cat inter omnes.

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PHOENICIANS IN BRITAIN (clxiv. 407).—Vol. vii. of the 'Cambridge Ancient History,' chapters ii. and xxiv., with the bibliographies to those chapters, will probably contain the information Mr. A. G. Doubt is in search of.

Clandon Park, Guildford.

Mr. G. A. Doubt might begin his inquiry by investigating the name Hannibal. It is often merely a derivative of Annabel, and may sometimes be a variant of Honeyball (like the German Humboldt), with an Anglo-Saxon original Hunbeald. (Honeyball, again, may represent an earlier Hannibal). But so learned an etymologist as Mr. Weeckley allows, in a footnote to p. 82 of his 'Romance of Names,' that "the frequent occurrence of this name and its corruptions in Cornwall suggest that it may really have been introduced by Carthaginian sailors."

Personally, I shrewdly suspect that careful investigation would produce other derivatives of Punic names—Barca, Hanno, etc.

Edward J. G. Forse.

Information can be obtained from 'Phoenician Origin of Britons, Scots and Anglo-Saxons,' by Professor L. A. Waddell, 1924, and 'European and other Race Origins,' by Herbert Bruce Hannay, 1915.

H. Kendra Baker.

THE LOVING BALLAD OF LORD BATEMAN (clxiv. 335). — I think I exhausted this subject in 'N. and Q.' and the Sunday Times in 1904. See 'N. and Q.,' 10 S. 1, 27 Feb., 1904; Sunday Times, 27 Jan., 3 Feb., 17 Feb., 2 March, 1904. The original source was a very rare broadside, entitled 'Young Baker,' a facsimile of which was published in Tregaskis's Catalogue shortly after, and was priced £48. It was dated circa 1790. See also Sotheby's catalogue of a sale on 3 July, 1924.

Can any reader tell me of any edition of the above issued between the 1851 edition of David Bogue, and the first of the George Bell editions, 1870?

Edward Heron-Allen.

"FILLIOLI" (clxiv. 373). — Farrer translated it "namesake" in a charter, 1160-75 ('Early Yorks. Charters,' ii., no. 836), but filiulus is godson (C. Trice Martin, 'Record Interpreter,' 2nd ed., 242); compare French "filleul."

H. I. A.