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# Instructions for Authors

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*Diabetes* publishes original research about the physiology and pathophysiology of diabetes. Submitted manuscripts can report any aspect of laboratory, animal, or human research. Emphasis is on investigative reports focusing on areas such as the pathogenesis of diabetes and its complications, normal and pathological pancreatic islet function and intermediary metabolism, pharmacological mechanisms of drug and hormone action, and biochemical and molecular aspects of normal and abnormal biological processes. Studies in the areas of diabetes education or the application of accepted therapeutic and diagnostic approaches to patients with diabetes are not published.

All contributions, including solicited articles and symposia, are critically reviewed by the editors and invited referees. Reviewers' comments are usually provided to authors. The decision of the editors is final. In their cover letter, authors are welcome to suggest the names of individuals they consider qualified to serve as reviewers.

Each original article will be assigned to a category in the table of contents. The category assignment is made by the editors, but authors are invited to suggest a category when submitting their manuscript.

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*Diabetes* typesets articles from computer diskettes. Authors must submit a diskette with the final revised version of their manuscript. The exception to this is a rapid publication: A diskette must accompany the original submission. All diskettes must be accompanied by one original and four accurate double-spaced paper copies of the manuscript. Diskettes must be labeled with the following information: 1) author's name, 2) manuscript number (for revised manuscripts only), 3) software and hardware used.

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3. Never type the letter "l" for the numeral "1" and never interchange the letter "O" for the numeral "0."
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5. Do not place figure captions and tables within the text. The copyeditor will indicate the placement of this material within the text. Put figure legends after the text of your article. Put tables after figure legends.
6. Prepare references in the style set forth by *Diabetes*. Do not use the footnote/endnote functions found in some word-processing software. Instead, reference numbers in text should be in normal type in parentheses. If references are not in the proper style, diskettes will be returned to authors for revision.

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All accepted manuscripts will be edited according to *Scientific Style and Format* (the Council of Biology Editors style manual; Council of Biology Editors, Inc., Bethesda, MD) and *The Chicago Manual of Style* (The University of Chicago Press, Chicago, IL) by ADA professional publications staff. The authors are responsible for all statements made in their articles or editorials, including any editing changes.

Reprint order forms are included at the time the page proofs are sent to the corresponding author. A price list is included.

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defray publication costs. The author who is to assume responsibility for payment should be identified on the manuscript.

#### MANUSCRIPT PREPARATION

Manuscripts should be typewritten with double spacing throughout on 8.5 × 11-inch (21.6 × 27.9-cm) nonerasable white bond paper. They should include (in this order) title page, summary, text (divided into introduction, research design and methods, results, and discussion), acknowledgments, references, figure legends, and tables. The original manuscript should be submitted along with four photocopies. For artwork, two originals and four sets of photocopies should be submitted for each figure, but three originals should be sent for photomicrographs and gels (see **Figures** for further information on artwork). Number all pages consecutively, beginning with the title page, and include all text, references, figure legends, and tables.

**Title page.** Include title; short running title (limit: 40 characters, including spaces); first name, middle initial, and last name of each author; name of departments and institutions with which the authors are affiliated (in English); name, address, telephone number, fax number, and e-mail address of corresponding author; and 3–6 keywords for indexing (not *diabetes*).

**Abstract.** Summarize the content of the paper in 250 words or fewer. The abstract should be self-contained and understandable without reference to the text.

**Main text.** Studies involving experimental animals must state the species, strain, and other pertinent information. When describing surgical procedures, identify the preanesthetic and anesthetic used, and state the amount or concentration and the route and frequency of administration. The use of paralytic agents, e.g., curare or succinylcholine, is not an acceptable substitute for anesthesia. When other invasive procedures are described, report the analgesic or tranquilizing drugs used; if none were used, provide justification for such exclusion.

When reporting studies on human subjects or patients, describe their characteristics. If results of an experimental investigation of humans are reported, state formally that consent was obtained from the subjects after the nature of the procedure was explained. When anesthetized humans are studied, indicate that the procedure was in accord with institutional guidelines. All human investigation *must* be conducted according to the principles expressed in the Declaration of Helsinki.

The designations *type I* (insulin-dependent, IDDM) and *type II* (non-insulin-dependent, NIDDM) should be used when referring to the two major forms of diabetes. *Diabetic* should not be used as a noun.

Statistical methods should be identified. Acknowledgments of aid or criticism should be approved by the person whose help is being recognized.

The generic names of drugs should be used. If a special item is obtained, include supplier, city, and state, or city and country if foreign. Metric units should be used. **Authors must use Système International (SI) units (see Table 1).**

Units of measurement should be abbreviated (when used with numbers) in accord with the Council of Biology Editors style manual. See the list of abbreviations below for those that need not be defined; other abbreviations should be defined at first use.

**Acknowledgments.** Acknowledgments of assistance and financial support should be stated briefly.

**References.** Number references in order of appearance in text. **Do not** use the footnote/endnote function found in some

word-processing software. Identify a reference number in the text by enclosing it in parentheses. Works submitted for publication cannot be included in the reference section and should be cited as unpublished observations in the text with the initials and last names of all authors. **Type references double spaced.** Include all authors (do not use *et al.* except in text) and complete article titles. Abbreviate names of journals as in *Serial Sources for the BIOSIS Database*; spell out names of unlisted journals. Indicate abstracts and supplements. Supply inclusive page numbers. Authors are responsible for the accuracy of the references. Copies of all manuscripts listed as “in press” must be submitted with the manuscript. *Diabetes* and *Diabetes Care* are included in the National Library of Medicine’s MEDLARS database, BRS Colleague database, *Index Medicus*, and *Current Contents (Basic Science and Clinical Practice)*.

#### Examples

1. Primhak RA, Whincup G, Tsankas JN, Milner RDQ: Reduced vital capacity in insulin-dependent diabetes. *Diabetes* 36:324–326, 1987
2. Nerup J, Christy M, Patz P, Ryder P, Svejgaard A: Aspects of the genetics of insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus. In *Immunology in Diabetes*. Andreani D, Dimario U, Federlin KF, Heding LG, Eds. London, Kimpton, 1984, p. 63–70
3. Seine S, Bell GI: Comparison of the 5'-flanking sequences of chimpanzee, African green monkey, and human insulin genes (Abstract). *Diabetes* 34 (Suppl. 1):20A, 1985
4. Permutt MA, Andreone TA, Chirgwin J, Elbein S, Rotwein P: Insulin gene polymorphism and type II or non-insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus (NIDDM). In *Proc Int Congr Endocrinology*, 7th ed. Labrie F, Proulx L, Eds. Amsterdam, Excerpta Med., 1985, p. 245–248

**Figures.** Figures should be professionally drawn and photographed or produced on a laser printer. For laser-printed figures, paper specially made for camera-ready copy (such as Hammermill Laser-Print Plus) is preferred (paper having an opacity of 90 or more and a whiteness of 90 or more); glossy prints should be provided if such paper is not available. Each figure should be marked in soft pencil on the back showing the orientation (an arrow pointing up), the first author’s name, and the figure number. Figures must be unmounted and no larger than 8 × 10.5 inches. Where possible, photographs and gels should be cropped to one or two columns in width.

In most instances, figures will be reduced to one-column width (about 3.5 inches) and should be produced accordingly. Authors should reduce the figures on a photocopier to make sure that all relevant data points can be distinguished and that all labeling is clearly readable. Information on the axes should be succinct, using abbreviations where possible, and the label on the *y*-axis should read vertically, not horizontally. Key information should be placed in any available white space **within** the figure; if space is not available, the information should be placed in the legend. In general, figures with multiple parts should be marked A, B, C, etc., with a description of each panel being placed in the legend rather than on the figure.

Lines in graphs should be bold enough to be easily read after reduction, as should all symbols used in the figure. Data points are best marked with the following symbols, again assuring that they will be readily distinguishable after reduction: ○●□■▲. Bars should be black or white only, unless more than two data sets are being presented; further bars should be drawn with clear bold hatch marks or stripes, **not** shades of gray.

Color photographs incur an additional charge, paid by the author; they should not be submitted for reproduction in black

and white. The charge for color figures is \$1,350 for one figure and \$500 for each additional color figure in the same article. Materials (e.g., figures and tables) taken from other sources must be accompanied by written permission for reproduction obtained from the original publisher and author.

**Tables.** Tables should be typed **double spaced** on separate sheets of paper. Title all tables and number them in order of citation in text. For footnotes, use the following symbols in this sequence: \*, †, ‡, §, ||, ¶, #, \*\*, ††, etc., in order from left to right and from top to bottom in the body of the table.

#### RAPID PUBLICATIONS

Observations considered to be of unusual importance that would lose scientific impact if not published promptly should be submitted as a rapid publication. These reports should describe a completed, concise, and properly controlled investigation. An editorial decision will be made within 3 weeks after sending the manuscript out for peer review. No written review or explanation will be provided. Rejected papers may be resubmitted as regular manuscripts and reviewed accordingly. Rapid publications may not exceed 10 double-spaced typewritten pages, including figures, tables, and references.

#### BRIEF GENETICS REPORTS

Genetics studies that are relevant to diabetes and diabetic complications but do not need to be presented as full papers will be considered for publication in the Brief Genetics Reports section. Suitable for presentation in this format would be studies identifying new genes and their localization, observations on the molecular nature of allelic variants (normal and pathological), or linkage and association studies. Brief genetics reports should not exceed two journal pages (approximately 1,200–1,500 words, including references). Figures and tables may be submitted for review purposes, but only one figure or

one table will be published. DNA sequences should be deposited in one of the genetics databases. Additional data can be prepared in the form of an appendix that will be available from the authors; if the authors wish, such an appendix will be made available on the journal's World Wide Web site. The entire text of each brief genetics report will be available on this site as well. Brief genetics reports should not have an abstract or section headings other than Acknowledgments and References. In lieu of an abstract, authors should provide a title that incorporates the main conclusion of the research.

#### SUBMISSION OF SUPPLEMENTS

A proposal for a supplement must first be submitted to ADA. The proposal must specify:

1. The name of the pharmaceutical firm sponsoring the supplement (not merely the name of the public relations agency handling its publication).
2. If the supplement is based on a symposium, indicate where and when the symposium was held and how the speakers and papers were selected.
3. Whether authors will be paid and, if so, how much. If the proposal is approved, the sponsor then must submit a proposal to the editor of *Diabetes*. Initial approval by ADA does not commit an editor to accept a proposal in whole or in part. All manuscripts are subject to the same peer review as other manuscripts in the journal.

#### PRODUCTION

Correspondence concerning the copyediting and production of accepted manuscripts should be addressed to Assistant Managing Editor, *Diabetes*, American Diabetes Association, 1660 Duke Street, Alexandria, VA 22314. Tel.: (703) 299-2089. Fax: (703) 683-2890.

## List of Abbreviations

The following abbreviations/symbols and categories of abbreviations/symbols need not be defined.

ACE	angiotensin-converting enzyme
ACTH	adrenocorticotrophic hormone
ADP, ADPase	adenosine 5'-diphosphate, adenosinediphosphatase
AMP, AMPase, cAMP	adenosine 5'-monophosphate, adenosinemonophosphatase, adenosine 3',5'-cyclic monophosphate
ANG	angiotensin
ATP, ATPase	adenosine 5'-triphosphate, adenosinetriphosphatase
BMI	body mass index
CI	confidence interval
CoA	coenzyme A
DMSO	dimethyl sulfoxide
DNA, cDNA	deoxyribonucleic acid, complimentary DNA
DNase	deoxyribonuclease
DEAE	diethylaminoethyl
EDTA	ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid
EGTA	ethylene glycol-bis( $\beta$ -aminoethyl ether)- <i>N,N,N',N'</i> -tetraacetic acid
GAD	glutamic acid decarboxylase
GHb	glycosylated hemoglobin (glycated hemoglobin, glycohemoglobin)
GLUT	glucose transporter
Hb	hemoglobin
HDL	high-density lipoprotein
HEPES	<i>N</i> -2-hydroxyethylpiperazine- <i>N'</i> -2-ethanesulfonic acid
HLA	human leukocyte antigen
IDDM	insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus
IGF	insulin-like growth factor
LDL	low-density lipoprotein
MOPS	3-( <i>N</i> -morpholino)propanesulfonic acid
NAD, NADH, NADP, NADPH	nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide, reduced NAD, NAD phosphate
NIDDM	non-insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus
NPH	neutral protamine Hagedorn insulin
$P_{CO_2}$ , $P_{aCO_2}$ , $P_{vCO_2}$	partial pressure of $CO_2$ , arterial, venous
$P_{O_2}$ , $P_{aO_2}$ , $P_{vO_2}$	partial pressure of $O_2$ , arterial, venous
PAGE	polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis
PEPCK	phosphoenolpyruvate carboxykinase
pH	hydrogen ion concentration; negative logarithm of hydrogen ion activity
PIPES	piperazine- <i>N,N'</i> -bis(2-ethanesulfonic acid)
RNA, mRNA, rRNA, tRNA	ribonucleic acid, messenger RNA, ribosomal RNA, transfer RNA
RNase	ribonuclease
SDS	sodium dodecyl sulfate
Tris	tris(hydroxymethyl)aminomethane
$V_{max}$ , $\dot{V}O_2$ , $\dot{V}O_{2max}$	maximum volume, volume of $O_2$ , maximum volume of $O_2$
$\dot{V}_{max}$ , $\dot{V}O_2$ , $\dot{V}O_{2max}$	maximum consumption, $O_2$ consumption per unit time, maximum $O_2$ consumption
VLDL	very-low-density lipoprotein

Amino acids

Cell lines

Chemical element and compound symbols

Latin terms

Mice names

Statistical symbols and tests

Units of measure