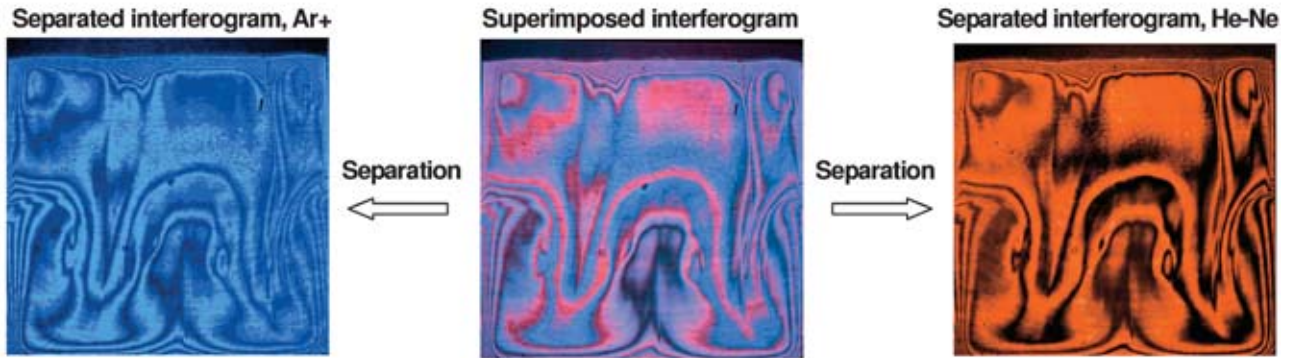


Superimposed and separated interferograms obtained by DWHI



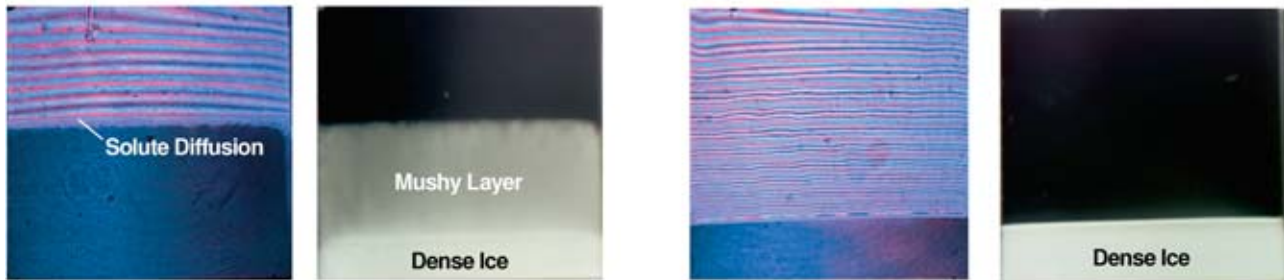
Interferograms and Photographs during Solidification Process of Aqueous Solution of  $\text{NH}_4\text{Cl}$

Cooling from Top Wall of Cavity



Hypo-eutectic Aqueous Solution,  $C_i=5\text{wt}\%$

Eutectic Aqueous Solution,  $C_i=19.7\text{wt}\%$



Cooling from Bottom Wall of Cavity

Visualization of Transient Solidification Process of Aqueous Solution by Dual Wavelength Holographic Interferometry

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The solidification process of an aqueous solution of  $\text{NH}_4\text{Cl}$  in a 2-D square cavity was visualized and measured using dual wavelength holographic interferometry (DWHI). The aqueous solution of  $\text{NH}_4\text{Cl}$  was cooled from the top or bottom wall of the cavity, and the initial concentration of  $\text{NH}_4\text{Cl}$ ,  $C_i$ , was varied. The visualized results represent the followings:

- (1) The ice-liquid mushy layer grows on the dense ice during the solidification process of  $C_i=5\text{wt}\%$ , but in the case of  $C_i=19.7\text{wt}\%$ , the mushy layer isn't observed and solid/liquid interface is sharp like pure substances.
- (2) When the aqueous solution is cooled from the bottom wall, both temperature and concentration gradients stabilize the stratified configuration of the density field. However, in the case of cooling from the top wall, natural convection is caused by density differences and the solute diffusion is more conspicuous by this convection.