

ABBREVIATIONS

ACABA	Asociación Campesina del Río Baudó (Peasant Association of the Baudó River, Chocó)
ACADESAN	Asociación Campesina del Río San Juan (Peasant Association of the San Juan River)
ACIA	Asociación Campesina Integral del Río Atrato (Peasant Association of the Atrato River, Chocó)
AFRODES	Asociación de Afrocolombianos Desplazados (National Association of Displaced Afro-Colombians)
ALENPAC	Alimentos Enlatados del Pacífico (Canned Products of the Pacific); company exploiting the naidí palm hearts in Nariño since 1982
ANUC	Asociación Nacional de Usuarios Campesinos (National Peasant Association)
ASODERGUA	Asociación para el Desarrollo del Río Guajú (grassroots organization in the Guajú River)
ASOPEZ	Asociación de Pescadores (Association of Fishermen); aimed at improving living and working conditions in the lower part of the Guapi River
ASOPRODESA	Asociación Prodesarrollo del Río Saija (grassroots organization of the Saija River on the Cauca Coast)
AT-55	Artículo Transitorio 55 (Transitory Article 55 of the Constitution of 1991)
CIMARRÓN	Movimiento Nacional Cimarrón (National Movement for Human Rights for Afro-Colombian Communities); one of the earliest organizations mobilizing against antiblack racism in Colombia

COADEPAL	Cooperativa Agrícola del Pacífico (Agricultural Cooperative of the Pacific); a state program established by INCORA in the mid-1960s on the Pacific Coast mainly to promote the commercialization of coconut
COCOCAUCA	Coordinación de Comunidades Negras de la Costa Pacífica del Cauca (Coordination of Black Communities on the Cauca Coast); the first regional organization on the Cauca Coast with an ethnic-territorial discourse that aims at coordinating the struggles of black communities there; born in 1993
FARC	Fuerzas Armadas Revolucionarias de Colombia (Revolutionary Armed Forces of Colombia); the largest and most powerful guerrilla movement in the country
FEDEPALMA	Federación Nacional de Cultivadores de Palma de Aceite (National Federation of Oil Palm Growers)
GEF	Global Environment Facility; a product of the Río Summit 1992, set up by the United Nations Environment Program UNEP to support, among other things, environmentally sustainable development projects; one of its first operations was the Project for the Conservation of Biodiversity in the Colombian Pacific Region
ICANH	Instituto Colombiano de Antropología e Historia (Colombian Institute of Anthropology and History)
IGAC	Instituto Geográfico Agustín Codazzi (Colombia's National Geographic Institute)
IIAP	Instituto de Investigaciones Ambientales del Pacífico (Institute of Environmental Research for the Pacific Coast)
INCODER	Instituto Colombiano de Desarrollo Rural (Colombian Institute of Rural Development); the state agency that replaced INCORA in 2003 and has since been in charge of executing agricultural policies and overseeing land tenure
INCORA	Instituto Colombiano de Reforma Agraria (Colombian Institute of Agrarian Reform); the government agency responsible for all aspects of collective land titling in the Pacific Coast region until 2003, when it was dissolved and replaced by INCODER, the Colombian Institute of Rural Development

INDERENA	Instituto Nacional de Recursos Naturales Renovables (National Institute of Renewable Natural Resources)
JAC	Junta de Acción Comunal (Committee of Communal Action); a nationwide state-driven initiative in which local committees are to watch over everyday community affairs
JUNPRO	Juventud Unida para el Progreso (United Youth for Progress); the first community organization to emerge in Guapi, mainly consisting of young professionals and former students, who are also the founding members of COCOCAUCA
OCABA	Organización Campesina del Bajo Atrato (Peasant Association of the lower Atrato River, Chocó)
PAR	participatory action-research
PCN	Proceso de Comunidades Negras (Process of Black Communities)
RMT	resource-mobilization theory
UMATA	Unidad Municipal de Asistencia Técnica Agraria (Municipal Unit of Agrarian Assistance)
UP	Unión Patriótica