

## ERRATUM

Paper by P. Trayhurn and G. Jennings, Evidence that fasting can induce a selective loss of uncoupling proteins from brown adipose tissue mitochondria of mice (*Bioscience Reports* 6:805–810, 1986). Table 1 contained a misprint in the bottom line (Cytochrome oxidase activity in brown adipose tissue). The table should read as follows:

**Table 1.** Body weight, and weight and total cytochrome oxidase activity in interscapular brown adipose tissue of fasted and refed mice

	Fed controls	24 h fasted	48 h fasted	6 h refed	24 h refed
Initial body weight (g)	—	26.9 ± 0.6	27.3 ± 0.4	26.9 ± 0.7	27.0 ± 0.7
Final body weight (g)	28.5 ± 0.4	22.4 ± 0.4 <sup>c</sup>	20.9 ± 0.4 <sup>c</sup>	22.8 ± 0.9 <sup>c</sup>	25.9 ± 0.6 <sup>b,d</sup>
Interscapular brown adipose tissue weight (mg)	71.7 ± 3.5	45.2 ± 2.4 <sup>c</sup>	34.0 ± 3.0 <sup>c</sup>	33.9 ± 2.2 <sup>c</sup>	56.2 ± 5.8 <sup>a,d</sup>
Protein content of brown adipose tissue (mg)	8.8 ± 0.6	9.4 ± 0.3	6.3 ± 0.7 <sup>a</sup>	5.0 ± 0.4 <sup>c</sup>	6.3 ± 0.7 <sup>b</sup>
Cytochrome oxidase activity in brown adipose tissue (μmol cytochrome c oxidized/min per tissue)	24.3 ± 1.0	16.8 ± 0.9 <sup>c</sup>	8.2 ± 1.1 <sup>c</sup>	6.4 ± 0.8 <sup>c</sup>	8.1 ± 0.7 <sup>c</sup>

Mice were fasted for 24 or 48 h. Some of the 48 h fasted animals were refed for 6 or 24 h. For full experimental details see text. The results are given as mean values ± SE for 7 animals in each group. <sup>a</sup>*p* < 0.05, <sup>b</sup>*p* < 0.01, <sup>c</sup>*p* < 0.001 compared with the fed control mice. <sup>d</sup>*p* < 0.01 compared with the mice fasted for 48 h.