

# Errata

Hara K, Boutin P, Mori Y, Tobe K, Dina C, Yasuda K, Yamauchi T, Otabe S, Okada T, Eto K, Kadowaki H, Hagura R, Akanuma Y, Yazaki Y, Nagai R, Taniyama M, Matsubara K, Yoda M, Nakano Y, Kimura S, Tomita M, Kimura S, Ito C, Froguel P, Kadowaki T: Genetic variation in the gene encoding adiponectin is associated with an increased risk of type 2 diabetes in the Japanese population. *Diabetes* 51:536–540, 2001

In the above article, Satoshi Kimura was inadvertently listed twice in the author list. The correct author list is as follows: Kazuo Hara, Philippe Boutin, Yasumichi Mori, Kazuyuki Tobe, Christian Dina, Kazuki Yasuda, Toshimasa Yamauchi, Syuichi Otabe, Terumasa Okada, Kazuhiro Eto, Hiroko Kadowaki, Ryoko Hagura, Yasuo Akanuma, Yoshio Yazaki, Ryoza Nagai, Matsuo Taniyama, Koichi Matsubara, Madoka Yoda, Yasuko Nakano, Motowo Tomita, Satoshi Kimura, Chikako Ito, Philippe Froguel, and Takashi Kadowaki

Caramori ML, Kim Y, Huang C, Fish AJ, Rich SS, Miller ME, Russell G, Mauer M: Cellular basis of diabetic nephropathy. 1. Study design and renal structural–functional relationships in patients with long-standing type 1 diabetes. *Diabetes* 51:506–513, 2002

In the above article, the symbols in the legends for Figs. 3, 4, and 5 were given incorrectly. The correct legends are shown here.

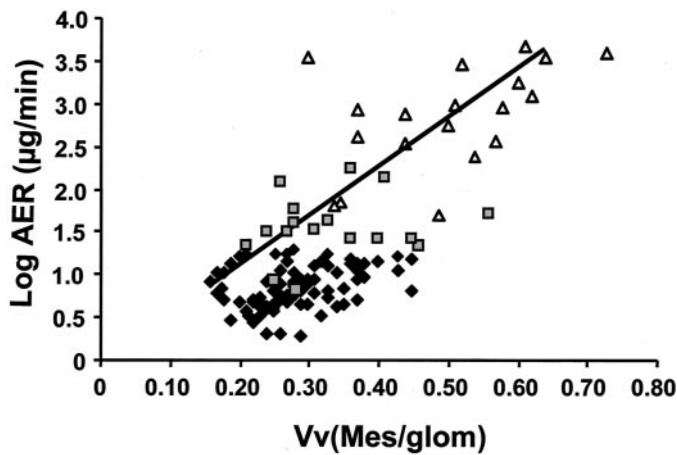


FIG. 3. Correlation between mesangial fraction volume [Vv(Mes/glom)] and AER in 124 type 1 diabetic patients. ♦, normoalbuminuric patients; □, microalbuminuric patients; △, proteinuric patients.  $r = 0.75$ ,  $P < 0.001$ .

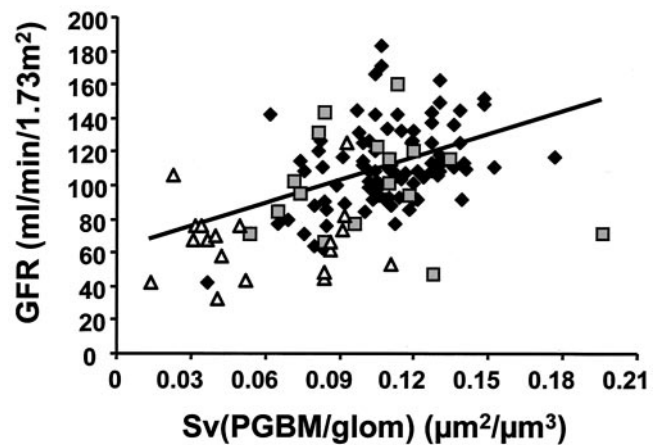


FIG. 5. Correlation between surface density of peripheral GBM per glomerulus [Sv(PGBM/glom)] and GFR in 125 type 1 diabetic patients. ♦, normoalbuminuric patients; □, microalbuminuric patients; △, proteinuric patients.  $r = 0.48$ ,  $P < 0.001$ .

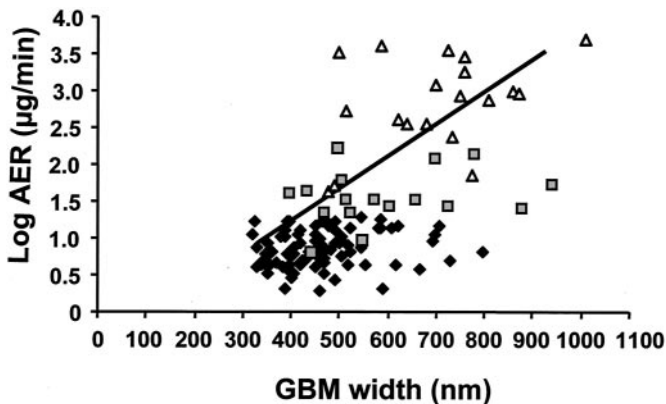


FIG. 4. Correlation between GBM width and AER in 124 type 1 diabetic patients. ♦, normoalbuminuric patients; □, microalbuminuric patients; △, proteinuric patients.  $r = 0.63$ ,  $P < 0.001$ .