SMN deficiency disrupts gastrointestinal and enteric nervous system function in mice


Figure 8 in this paper was actually a duplicate of Figure 3. The correct Figure 8 is included here. The authors apologise for this error.

A  

B

C

D

Figure 8. CNS rescued SMNΔ7 mouse activity and food and water consumption. CNS rescued SMNΔ7 mice have similar body weights compared with wild type littermates (A). Activity level (B) and water intake (C) do not significantly differ between CNS rescued SMNΔ7 and wild type mice. Food consumption (D) was greater by CNS rescued SMNΔ7 compared with controls (*P = 0.0249).