

Being Realistic and Optimistic in Curing Cancer

Ever since President Nixon declared war on cancer, giant strides have been made to conquer cancer. As 30%–50% of all cancers are preventable, according to the World Health Organization, primary preventive measures – including active immunization against human papillomavirus and hepatitis B virus and lifestyle changes such as cessation of tobacco smoking and alcohol use, increase in physical activity through moderate exercise, and dietary modifications to decrease the risk of obesity – have the potential to reduce the incidence of malignancy. In addition, secondary measures such as adherence to screening guidelines and improvements in diagnostic imaging and testing procedures enable health-care professionals to detect cancer and initiate treatment at an early stage. This approach disrupts or slows down the progress of the disease, which ultimately helps to minimize cancer-related mortality. And now, with the advent of immunotherapeutic agents and targeted therapies, durable and dramatic responses have been observed in several hard-to-treat malignancies, outlining a roadmap to conquering cancer.

However, the success in treating cancer has to be tempered with caution. The reality is that we still have a lot to do. Despite the significant advances in this era of personalized medicine, incidence of cancer remains high and is a leading cause of death worldwide. Further, as response to currently available treatment is limited to a subset of cancer patients and is associated with significant side effects, cancer remains a major public health problem.

In treating patients with such a challenging and life-threatening disease, health-care professionals and scientists are ever daunted by equally challenging questions. The approach of one treatment for all cancers – “one size fits all” – is now obsolete. Major hurdles that hamper progress in this area includes identifying patients who are likely to respond to treatment even before initiation of therapy and identifying patients who are at risk of developing side effects from the treatment. A better understanding of tumor biology and impact of treatment on the tumor microenvironment will enable physicians to make informed treatment decisions. Hence, there is an intense search to identify biomarkers of response and toxicity that would enable personalizing immunotherapy, targeted therapy, radiation therapy, or any modality of cancer treatment based on the genomic, proteomic, and immunologic landscape of tumor tissue.

This approach is expected to enhance efficacy and minimize treatment-associated toxicity, resulting in complete and durable responses without recurrence, wherein lies the future of biomedical research. Thus, biomarker-focused translational research not only will optimize the use of targeted and immunotherapeutic agents to treat cancer but also will ultimately improve patient survival and patient satisfaction and reduce health-care-associated costs.

As members of the scientific community, we have a moral responsibility to share the findings of our research activities, including both positive and negative results. Dissemination of knowledge is critical for increasing awareness among health-care professionals. To this end, our mission at the *Journal of Immunotherapy and Precision Oncology* is to provide an opportunity for health-care professionals and scientists to share clinical and translational discoveries related to personalized cancer therapy. The journal welcomes manuscripts that focus on research reports of clinical trials, review papers, and case reports. Our review process is double-blinded as a fair review process is essential, and rapid dissemination of such knowledge is our goal.

In the current issue, Ameratunga et al. discussed the fine divide between optimistic future and the realistic challenges associated with treatment of cancer with personalized cancer immunotherapy.^[1] The review by Zarifa et al. summarizes the incidence of rare but potentially fatal cardiotoxicity associated with immunotherapy.^[2]

For article submission, authors can visit the Journal website at jipoonline.org to find submission guidelines and a link to the manuscript submission site. To discuss a topic or if there are any questions, please contact the JIPO Editorial Office at editor@jipoonline.org.

If you are interested in becoming a reviewer for JIPO, please submit the online application at jipoonline.org/joinus.asp.

Lastly, for the latest updates about the Journal, including Ahead of Print articles, please follow the Journal on Twitter and LinkedIn: @JIPOeditors.

On behalf of Associate Chief Editors, Jordi Rodon Ahnert and Timothy Yap, and members of the Editorial Board [Table 1], I hereby present the second issue of the *Journal of Immunotherapy and Precision Oncology*.

Naing: Being realistic and optimistic

Table 1: Journal of Immunotherapy and Precision Oncology Editorial Board

Name	Title and Affiliation	Specialty	Twitter Handle
Editor in Chief			
Aung Naing	<i>Associate Professor, Investigational Cancer Therapeutics, The University of Texas MD Anderson Cancer Center, Houston, TX, USA</i>	Immunotherapy, Clinical Trials	@ANaingMD
Associate Editors in Chief			
Jordi Rodon Ahnert	<i>Associate Professor, Investigational Cancer Therapeutics, The University of Texas MD Anderson Cancer Center, Houston, TX, USA</i>	Precision Oncology	NA
Timothy A Yap	<i>Associate Professor, Investigational Cancer Therapeutics, The University of Texas MD Anderson Cancer Center, Houston, TX, USA</i>	Drug Development, DNA Repair	NA
Social Media Editors			
Mehmet Asim Bilen	<i>Emory University, Atlanta, GA, USA</i>	Genitourinary Oncology, Clinical Trials	@bilenma
Jennifer McQuade	<i>University of Texas MD Anderson Cancer Center, Houston, TX, USA</i>	Melanoma Medical Oncology	@mcquadeMDLAc
Editorial Board Members			
Mark Basik	<i>Associate Professor, Dept. of Surgery and Oncology, Jewish General Hospital, Montreal, QC, Canada</i>	Surgery, Oncology	NA
Helen Chen	<i>Senior Investigator and Medical Officer, Associate Chief, Investigational Drug Branch, Cancer Therapy Evaluation Program (CTEP), National Cancer Institute, Bethesda, MD, USA</i>	Drug Development	NA
Adi Diab	<i>University of Texas MD Anderson Cancer Center, Houston, TX, USA</i>	xxx	NA
Jennifer Gardner	<i>Associate Professor, Division of Dermatology, University of Washington, Seattle, WA, USA</i> <i>Director of Medical Education, Melanoma and Skin Oncology, University of Washington Center for One Health Research, Seattle Cancer Care Alliance, Seattle, WA, USA</i>	Melanoma, Skin Cancer, Medical Education	NA
Ignacio Garrido-Laguna	<i>Associate Professor, Gastrointestinal Oncology; Associate Director of Phase 1 Program, Division of Oncology, Dept. of Internal Medicine, Huntsman Cancer Institute, University of Utah School of Medicine, Salt Lake City, UT, USA</i>	Gastrointestinal Cancer, Clinical Trials	@GarridoLagunaMD
Joud Hajjar	<i>Assistant Professor, Service Chief of Adult Allergy and Immunology, Section of Immunology, Allergy, and Rheumatology, Baylor College of Medicine and Texas Children Hospital, Houston, TX, USA</i>	Clinical and Tumor Immunology, Primary Immune Deficiency and Immune dysregulations	@HajjarJoud
Dov HersHKovitz	<i>Tel-Aviv University, Tel-Aviv Sourasky Medical Center, Tel-Aviv, Israel</i>	Molecular Pathology	NA
Abdul Rahman Jazieh	<i>Professor and Chairman, Dept. of Oncology, King Saud bin Abdulaziz University for Health Sciences, Ministry of National Guard Health Affairs, Riyadh, Saudi Arabia</i>	Oncology, Quality and Safety	@jaziehoncology
Matthew Krebs	<i>Senior Clinical Lecturer, Division of Cancer Sciences, Dept. of Biology, Medicine, and Health, The University of Manchester Consultant in Medical Oncology, Experimental Cancer Medicine Team, The Christie NHS Foundation Trust, Manchester, UK</i>	Experimental Cancer Medicine	NA
Rebecca Kristeleit	<i>Dept. of Gynecological Oncology, University College London Hospitals, London, UK</i>	Gynecologic Oncology	NA
Chia-Chi Lin	<i>Director of Phase 1 Center, Dept. of Oncology, National Taiwan University Hospital, Taiwan</i>	Drug Development, Lung Cancer, Esophageal Cancer	NA

Table 1 continued on next page

Naing: Being realistic and optimistic

Table 1: Continued

Name	Title and Affiliation	Specialty	Twitter Handle
Herbert Loong	<i>Clinical Assistant Professor, Dept. of Clinical Oncology; Deputy Medical Director, Phase I Clinical Trials Centre, The Chinese University of Hong Kong, Prince of Wales Hospital, Hong Kong, China</i>	Oncology, Clinical Trials	@herbloong
Juanita Lopez	<i>Consultant in Medical Oncology, Drug Development Phase I Unit, Royal Marsden Hospital and The Institute of Cancer Research, London, UK</i>	Medical Oncology, Drug Development, Clinical Trials	NA
Christophe Massard	<i>Senior Consultant, Dept. of Drug Development, Dept. of Medical Oncology, Gustave Roussy, Villejuif, France</i>	Drug Development	@drcmassard
Rowan Miller	<i>Consultant Medical Oncologist, University College London Hospital, London, UK</i>	Gynecologic Oncology, Early Phase Trials	NA
Paolo Nuciforo	<i>Principal Investigator, Molecular Oncology Group, Vall d'Hebron University Hospital, Vall d'Hebron Institute of Oncology (VHIO), Barcelona, Spain</i>	Molecular Pathology	@DrMiddlescent
Nir Peled	<i>Head, Oncolog Division, The Legacy Heritage Oncology Center & Dr. Larry Norton Institute, Soroka Medical Center & Ben-Gurion University, Beer-Sheva, Israel</i>	Lung Cancer, Genetics, Immunotherapy	NA
Sophie Postel-Vinay	<i>Assistant Professor, Dept. of Drug Development, Institut de Cancérologie, Gustave Roussy, Villejuif, France</i>	Drug Development	NA
Christian Rolfo	<i>Professor, Director of Thoracic Medical Oncology, Director of Early Clinical Trials, Marlene and Stewart Greenebaum Comprehensive Cancer Center, University of Maryland School of Medicine, Baltimore, MD, USA</i>	Drug Development, Liquid Biopsy, Targeted Therapy, Immunotherapy	@ChristianRolfo
Patricia Roxburgh	<i>Senior Clinical Lecturer, Experimental Therapeutics, Institute of Cancer Sciences, University of Glasgow, Glasgow, Scotland</i>	Experimental Cancer Medicine	@RoxburghP
Stefan Symeonides	<i>Senior Clinical Lecturer, Medical Oncology, Cancer Research UK Edinburgh Centre MRC Institute of Genetics & Molecular Medicine, University of Edinburgh, Western General Hospital, Edinburgh, UK</i>	Genetics	NA
Leonor Trejo	<i>Institute of Pathology, Tel-Aviv Sourasky Medical Center, Tel-Aviv, Israel</i>	Pathology	NA

NA=Not available or not on Twitter

Aung Naing

Department of Investigational Cancer Therapeutics, Division of Cancer Medicine, University of Texas MD Anderson Cancer Center, Houston, Texas, USA

Address for correspondence:

Dr. Aung Naing, Department of Investigational Cancer Therapeutics, Division of Cancer Medicine, University of Texas MD Anderson Cancer Center, Houston, Texas, USA.

E-mail: anaing@mdanderson.org

Twitter: @ANaingMD

References

1. Ameratunga M, Xu W, Lopez J. Personalized cancer immunotherapy: Today's challenge and tomorrow's promise. *J Immunother Precis Oncol* 2018;1:56-67.
2. Zarifa A, Salih M, Lopez-Mattei J, Lee HJ, Iliescu C, Hassan S, et al. Cardiotoxicity of FDA-approved immune

checkpoint inhibitors: A rare but serious adverse event. *J Immunother Precis Oncol* 2018;1:68-77.

This is an open access journal, and articles are distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution-NonCommercial-ShareAlike 4.0 License, which allows others to remix, tweak, and build upon the work non-commercially, as long as appropriate credit is given and the new creations are licensed under the identical terms.

Access this article online	
Quick Response Code:	Website:
	www.jipoonline.org
	DOI:
	10.4103/JIPO.JIPO_20_18

How to cite this article: Naing A. Being realistic and optimistic in curing cancer. *J Immunother Precis Oncol* 2018;1:53-5.

Received: September, 2018. **Accepted:** September, 2018.