and their caregivers in NYC regarding their perceptions of the impact of SDOH on the delivery of hospice care during the pandemic. We then conducted rapid analysis of their responses. Findings emerged around three salient themes: 1. “I provide equal care to everyone” (Some providers recognize SDOH result in inequities within hospice, whereas others perceive hospice as an equalizer of care); 2. “They’re going to kill us” (Describing barriers that challenge hospice enrollment and continued access to care); and 3. “We’ve got to do better” (Addressing inequity through organizational and community programs that address barriers and improve access to hospice). Overall, we learned that SDOH must be addressed in a proactive rather than a reactive way to ensure hospice access. Systemic, rather than individual approaches were needed to overcome existing barriers exacerbated by the pandemic. To this end we will discuss lessons learned and strategies for program development and equitable delivery of home hospice care.