

# Index

- Actinolite, 201  
Adamellite, 489, 491  
Aeromagnetic survey, 201  
Africa  
  margins, 102, 106  
  north, 120  
  South, 289, 290  
  Tunisia, 104  
African rift, 161, 163  
African rift zone, 104  
Alaska  
  Aleutian arc, 102  
  Blashke Islands ultramafic complex, 322  
  continental margin and Mesozoic eugeosynclines, 75–85  
  Duke Island ultramafic complex, 322  
  Shumagin-Kodiak continental margin, 75–85  
  ultramafic complexes in southeastern, 327  
  Union Bay ultramafic complex, 322  
Alaska Peninsula, 77, 102  
  eugeosynclinal sequence, 75–85  
A layer, 57, 58, 63, 65  
  A'' layer, 57, 58, 63, 65  
  correlatives, 57, 58  
Albian, 61  
Albite, 201, 535–552  
Albitite, 489, 491, 499  
  formation of, 491  
Alderton interglaciation, 574  
Aleutian arc, 102  
Algeria, northern, 104  
Alkali basalts, origin of, 253  
Alkaline pyroxenites, zoning, 330  
Alkaline ultrabasic rocks, 255  
Allard Lake, Quebec, 141, 147  
Alpine-Himalayan belt, 106  
Alpine ophiolite, 225, 226, 235, 236  
Alpine orogenic cycle, 119–132  
Alteration, 573, 578, 580, 581  
Alumina, 624  
Aluminum in chlorite, 492, 493  
Americas Plate, 369, 370, 379–382  
Amisk series, 156  
Amisk-type rocks, 149, 152, 153, 155–157  
Amphibolites, Paraguachi, 429  
Amphibolitic rocks, 429–433  
Andalusite, 465–467, 471  
Andaman arc, 104  
Andes, 102, 104  
  Perijá, 374, 378  
  research project data, 450–451, 454  
  Venezuelan, 369, 371, 374, 378, 380, 449–462, 465  
Andesites, origin of, 317, 326, 330  
Andesitic magmas, 531  
Anorthosite, 141, 142, 146, 147, 197  
  gabbro, 198  
Anorthositic series, 477–487  
  chemical variations in, 478–484  
  comagmatic with quartz mangerite, 477, 479, 486  
  differentiates of gabbroic anorthosite, 477–487  
  independent of quartz mangerite, 477, 479–487  
Antarctic, west, 104  
Antillean Ridge, 63–65  
Antimano Formation, Venezuela, 433  
Appalachian Range, 490  
Appalachian region, 489, 490  
Aragua, central, 492, 493  
Archaean rocks, 149, 156, 157  
Argille scagliose, 422  
Asbestos (town), 626  
Aseismic ridges, 7, 10  
Assam arc, 104  
Asthensphere, 36, 39  
  currents, 7, 8, 20  
Astrobleme, 606, 615, 616, 619  
Atlantic Ocean, 57, 626. *See also* North Atlantic; Reykjanes Ridge  
  equatorial, 241  
  opening pole in early Mesozoic, 29, 30  
  Proto-Atlantic, 168  
  Vema fracture zone, 254

- Augite, 643  
 Australia, 102, 105, 106  
 Axial dipole hypothesis, 133
- Baikal rift, 104  
 Baja California, 105  
 Balearic Basin, 120  
 Barbados Ridge, 341, 344, 345, 347, 348  
 Barberton Mountain Land, 290, 295  
 Basal slip (in quartz), 609, 611  
 Basalt, 196, 198
  - crystallization at high water-pressure, 317, 324, 326, 330
  - hydrothermal melting and crystallization, 499
  - island type versus ridge type, 9
  - lunar, 641, 648
  - metabasalt, 197
- Bay of Islands, 211–215  
 Bellavistá facies, 465, 466  
 Beni Bouchera, Morocco, 211–214  
 Benioff zone, 434, 435
  - Antillean, 379
    - oceanward migration of, through time, 83–84
    - southern Caribbean, 369, 370, 378, 379, 382
- Betic belt, 104  
 Biological diversity gradients, 133  
 Biotite, 405, 411
  - muscovite quartz monzonite, 491, 494, 495
  - plagioclase rock, dioritic, 492, 495, 497
- Blashke Islands ultramafic complex, Alaska, 322  
 B layer, 58
  - B' layer, 58
- Block-faulting, 102  
 Blue River, British Columbia, 211–215  
 Blueschist facies, 372, 373  
 Bolivar belt, 105  
 Bolivia, 104  
 Breccias, 606, 614  
 Brittle-ductile transition, 609, 615, 617, 618  
 Burro Mountain, 211–214
- Calcium in olivine, 294, 295  
 Calcium-rich assemblages
  - modes of occurrence, 495
  - origin, 496, 497
- Calderas, 187, 190  
 Caledonides, 276  
 California, 276–278, 283, 284
  - Baja, 105
  - Coast Ranges, 211–214
  - Gasquet quadrangle, 498
  - Gulf of, 105
  - San Francisco Bay, 268
- Canadian cordillera, 104  
 Canyon Mountain, 211–214  
 Caracas Group, 429, 433, 434  
 Carbonates, incorporation of Sr-90, 627  
 Carbon-rich sediments, 625  
 Caribbean. *See also* Antillean Ridge; Barbados Ridge; Greater Antilles
  - crust, 355
  - geotectonics, 369–386
  - Sea, 57, 130
  - serpentinites, 304–308
  - strike-slip fault zones, 369–371, 374, 378, 380, 381
- Caribbean Mountains, Venezuela, 363–367  
 Caribbean Plate, 105, 369, 370, 379, 380, 382  
 Carib beds, 58, 63  
 Caroline Basin, 36, 47  
 Carthage complex, 478–480, 483  
 Cascade Range, Washington, 573, 574, 576  
 Celadonite, 407, 411  
 Celsius, 643  
 Central America, 102  
 Ceramics, industrial, 623, 624  
 Cerro Pelon ultramafic complex, Venezuela, 315, 328  
 Cesium-137, 627, 628  
 Chaotic sedimentation, 415, 418  
 Charnockitic rocks, 478–480, 484
  - Thirteenth Lake, 479
- Chemical analyses
  - Adirondack rocks, 485
  - dioritic rocks, Quebec, 491
  - granitic rocks, Quebec, 491
  - lime-rich rodingite rocks, Quebec, 495
- Chert, 58, 61, 63
  - Eocene, 58, 61, 63, 64
  - origin of, 63
- Chile, southern, 102  
 Chlorite, 201, 492–496, 498, 499
  - septicchlorite, 494
- Chondrites, metamorphism, 651, 652, 654, 656, 658  
 Chrome partition, 647  
 Chromite, 198  
 Chromium-51, 267, 268  
 Circumferential vents, 183–187. *See also* Volcanoes  
 Circum-Pacific belt, 104, 105  
 Clay minerals, 627  
 Clinch River, 627  
 Clinocllore, 492
  - upper stability limit of, 494

- Clinopyroxene, aluminous, 405  
 Coal, 623, 624  
     ash, 623, 624  
 Cobalt-60, 627, 628  
 Colombia, 104, 105, 274, 276  
     Guajira Peninsula, 371, 372, 378–380  
     Margarita Island, 429–436  
     Perijá Andes, 374, 378  
 Columbia River, 267–268  
 Compositional zoning, 643  
 Contact zones, 492–494  
 Continental accretion, 357  
 Continental decretion, 357  
 Continental drift, 359  
 Continental margins, 75–85  
     faulting, 80–81  
     major longitudinal faults, 75–85  
     orogeny, 399  
     southern Alaska, uplift in, 75–85  
 Continental rotation, 387  
 Continental shelf, 623  
 Continental thickness, 95  
 Convection  
     cellular, 383  
     deep-mantle, 7, 19  
     intercumulus, 511–513  
     magma, 513–516  
     uncoupled, 119–132  
 Coral Sea Basin, 102  
 Corsica, 120  
 Craters, 669  
 Cretaceous, 387–399  
 Crooked Creek, Missouri, 608  
 Crust, 351  
     Caribbean, 355  
     evolution, 351  
     isostatic subsidence of, 124–126, 129–130  
     oceanic, 195–199, 202, 203, 280–282  
 Cryptoexplosion structures, 605–619  
 Cryptovolcanic structures, 606, 620  
 Crystal  
     growth, 513, 516–518  
     metastable, 648  
     nucleation, 512, 517  
     settling, 516–518  
 Cumulate texture, 647  
 Curie point, 197  
 Current ripples  
     in sand, 124–127  
     subcrustal, 119–132  
 Currents, deep ocean, 110, 114, 116  
 Cyprus, 195, 197–201  
  
 Dacite, 61, 63  
 Desilication, 491  
  
 Deep-ocean currents, 110, 114, 116  
 Deep Sea Drilling Project, 68, 71  
 Deep-sea sediments, 195, 196, 198  
 Diabase, 198  
 Diagenesis, 581  
 Diana complex, 478–482, 484  
 Diapiric peridotites, 209, 216, 220  
 Diapirs, 113, 202, 203, 605, 606, 608, 609,  
     613, 615–619  
     compliance of test systems and, 618  
 Diffusion in magma, chemical, 510, 511, 513,  
     517  
 Dike rocks, 491–492  
 Dikes, 195, 198, 202  
     feeder, 201  
     garnetized, 494, 497, 498  
     greenstone, 201  
     mineralogical transformation in, stages of,  
         498  
     sheeted complex, 198  
 Diorite, 195, 197, 198, 201  
     hornblende-biotite, 492, 495, 496  
     quartz diorite, 198  
 Dioritic biotite-plagioclase rock, 492, 495, 497  
 Dominican Republic, 61, 415, 416, 420, 428,  
     499  
 Dominican Trench, 57, 63  
 Dredging, 191–192  
     waste-disposal activity, 624  
 Duke Island ultramafic complex, 317, 322,  
     323  
 Dunite, 195, 198, 201, 202, 489, 490, 496–  
     498  
  
 Earth expansion, 94, 97  
 Earthquake epicenters, 346  
 Earth's magnetic field, 195, 200, 202  
     reversals of, 195  
 East Pacific Plate, 380  
 Eclogite, 196, 282, 283  
 Eclogitic rocks, 429–434  
 Ecuador, 105  
 El Chacao ultramafic complex, 314  
 Electron microprobe, 627  
 Electron microscope, 627  
 Energy, 558–561, 565, 570  
 Enstatite, 198  
     alumina content, 252  
 Enthalpy, 554, 560, 561, 565  
 Entropy, 556, 558  
 Eocene, 58, 61–63  
 Epidote, 201  
 Epidote-amphibolite facies  
     Margarita, 372  
     Venezuela, 372, 373

- Epizone, 491, 492
- Erosion rates, 97, 98, 623, 625, 626  
subcrustal, 123–127
- Eskers, 661, 665
- Eugeosynclinal sequences, 75–85  
major faults, 75–85  
penecontemporaneous deformation, 80  
stratigraphic thicknesses, excessive, 75–85  
uplift of, 75–85
- Eugeosynclines  
deformation of, 127–129  
uplift at continental margins, 75–85
- Eurasia, 102
- Europe, eastern, 102
- Europium anomaly, 248
- Evaporites, 110
- Exotic blocks, 229, 232, 415, 416, 420, 421,  
423, 424, 426
- Expansion and contraction hypothesis, 69, 70
- Faulting  
block, 102  
mountainbelt, 387, 391, 392, 394, 399  
strike-slip zones, Caribbean, 369–371, 374,  
378, 380, 381
- Fault zones  
San Andreas, 382
- Fernandina Volcano, 184, 186
- Ferrogabbros, 477–482
- Ferromagnetic mineral, 197
- Ferromagnetism, 202
- Fiji arc, 105
- Fission products, 627
- Florida, 105
- Flow differentiation, 328, 330
- Fluid inclusions  
temperatures of formation, 494–495
- Fluidization, 662, 664
- Fluid pressures, 605, 616–618
- Flysch  
Venezuela, 369, 372–374, 380, 382  
Trinidad, 372–374
- Fold styles, 153, 154
- Foliation, 198
- Fractionation models, alkali-basalts and  
peridotites, 258
- Fracture zones, 160, 161, 163
- France, southern, 120
- Freeboard, 87, 97
- Gabbro, 195, 197, 198, 201, 203, 477–479,  
481–483, 485–486  
anorthosite, 198  
hypersthene, 198  
metagabbro, 197, 485, 486  
olivine, 198  
rodingitized, 198  
uralitized, 198
- Gabbroic anorthosite (Jeucogabbro) magma,  
477, 478, 484–486
- Galapagos Islands, 183–184, 186–190
- Geopoetry, 96, 97
- Geosynclinal terminology, 121
- Geosynclines, Mediterranean, 119–132
- Geotectonics  
Caribbean, 369–386  
cycle, 131
- Geothermal gradient, 196
- Glaciation  
Fraser, 574, 576  
Orting, 574  
Salmon Springs, 574  
Stuck, 574
- Grain size, 623
- Granite  
assimilation of metagabbro, 485, 486  
composition, 485  
Diana complex, 479
- Granitic rocks, 491, 492
- Gravitational slumping, 64
- Gravity, 17, 19  
anomalies, 339, 341–344, 348  
slide, 415, 418, 424, 426
- Graywackes, 573, 576, 581  
formation of, 581
- Great Basin, 102
- Greater Antilles, 57, 63, 65  
age of, 356  
serpentinite in, 305–306
- Greece, 225–227, 237–239
- Greenschist facies, 195, 198, 201, 372
- Greenstone, 198  
dikes, 201
- Grenville belt, 147
- Grossularite, 489, 492, 494, 496, 498
- Gulf Coast, 105, 106
- Gulf of Aden, 104
- Gulf of California, 105
- Guyots, 183, 190–192
- Hartzburgite, 195, 198, 202, 489, 490, 496,  
497
- Hawaii  
lavas, inclusions in, 321, 322  
volcanoes, structure of, 321
- Heat  
conduction, 493, 504–510, 518  
convection, 513–516  
flow, 8
- Hematite-ilmenite, 145

- Hercynian orogeny, 121, 123  
 Hess Crater, 669  
 Hess, H. H., 490, 492, 497, 499, 661, 668  
     primary magma hypothesis, 289, 290  
     tectogene, 369, 370  
 Hope ultramafic complex, 325  
 Hornblende  
     -biotite diorite, 492, 495, 496  
     kaersutitic, 251  
     pargasitic, 251  
 Hornblende mylonites, 246, 247  
     brown, 225  
     stability of, 255  
 Hot spots, 7, 9  
 Hudson River, New York, 624  
 Hydrogarnet, 405, 411  
 Hydrolytic weakening, 617, 619  
 Hydrostatic extrusion, 605, 609, 617  
 Hydroxide, behavior of in silicate melts, 496  
 Hypersthene, 644  
     gabbro, 198
- Iceland, 197  
 Igneous rocks  
     Venezuelan Coast Ranges, 314, 315, 331  
 Illite, 574, 576  
 Ilmenite-magnetite ores, 478, 479, 483  
 Imbert Formation, 61, 63  
 India, 106  
     Andaman arc, 104  
 Indonesian arc, 104  
 Interpulsations, 67, 68, 70, 71  
     and mixed polarity, 71  
 Intrusions  
     Red Hills, New Zealand, 325  
     repetitive subconformable sheet, 486  
 Iran, central, 104  
 Iron oxide  
     grain coatings, 627  
     iron-titanium, 201  
 Island arcs, 38, 40, 106  
     Aleutian, 102  
     Antillean, 369  
     continental margins, and, 75–85  
     Japan, 105  
     southern Caribbean, 378, 379  
     volcanism and, 401–413  
 Island chains, 7, 10  
 Isopic zones, 126  
 Isostasy, 357  
 Isostatic subsidence  
     of thinned crust, 124–126, 129–130  
 Italy, 120
- Jacaguas Group, 61, 63  
 Japan arc, 105  
 Japan  
     Hokkaido, 299–301  
 JOIDES, 58, 197  
 Joints, tensile, 617, 618  
 Jotunite, 478–481, 484  
 Juan Griego Group, 429–435
- Kamchatka arc, 105  
 Kame, 576–578, 580  
 Kaolinite, 574  
 Kenoran orogeny, 149  
 Keratophyre, 401–413  
 Kiseynew series, 156  
 Kiseynew-type rocks, 149, 152, 153, 156,  
     157  
 Klamath Mountains, 211–215  
 Komati Formation, 291–294  
 Komatiite, 291–293  
 Konigsberger ratio, 199–201  
 Kyanite, 465–467, 471
- Lake Constance, 624  
 Lamallae, 606, 609, 612  
 Las Brisas Formation, 433  
 Lava  
     Hawaiian, inclusions in, 321, 322  
     peridotite, 289, 290, 295, 296  
 Lay Range, 211–215  
 Least-squares estimation, 135, 137  
 Least-squares mixing model, 258  
 Lesser Antilles, 344, 346, 347, 369, 379, 382,  
     439  
 Leucogabbro, 477, 479, 481  
 Leuco-quartz monzonite, 491, 495  
 Limassol forest, 202  
 Limestone, Solenhofen, 617, 619  
 Lithosphere, 36, 38, 226, 233, 235–237, 352  
 Lithospheric plates, 101, 102, 106, 203  
 Lizard intrusion, 211–215  
 Loma de Hierro, 492  
 Louisenhoj Formation, 401–413  
 Lüdess bands, 605, 613, 615  
 Lüdess fronts, 605, 612, 613, 615, 617, 619  
 Lunar basalts, 641, 648  
 Lunar craters, 669  
 Lunar pyroxenes, 525, 531
- Maestrichtian, 58, 61, 62  
 Magma  
     chemical diffusion in, 510, 511, 513, 517  
     peridotite, 289, 290

- Magmatic assimilation**  
 anorthositic series, 481, 483  
 jotunite, 479, 481, 484  
 quartz mangerite, 485, 486
- Magmatic differentiation**  
 cumulate plagioclase, 477, 478, 484  
 cumulate pyroxene ores and zircons, 472, 473  
 immiscibility, 479  
 indices, 477, 480–484  
 oxide variation graphs, 478–484  
 residual liquids, 478, 479, 482  
 trends, 478–484
- Magnetic anomaly**, 196, 199, 201, 202  
 linear, 196, 197, 201, 202
- Magnetic domain size**, 201
- Magnetic stability**, 201
- Magnetic susceptibility**, 199–201
- Magnetite**, 201
- Magnetization**, 199  
 chemical remanent, 201  
 natural remanent, 199–202  
 normal, 197, 201, 202  
 reverse, 197, 201, 202  
 thermo-remnant, 201
- Manganese oxides**, grain coatings, 627
- Mantle**, 195–198, 203, 225, 226, 236, 237  
 plumes, 7, 8  
 processes in, 119–132  
 slabs, 216, 217  
 surface, linear depression in, 387, 398, 399  
 velocity, 593, 597, 599, 600–602
- Mantle-derived intrusion**, 255
- Marcy massif**, 478–483
- Median valley**, 202
- Mediterranean**  
 alpine orogenic cycle, 119–132  
 crust and upper mantle structure, 130  
 geosynclines, 119, 132  
 in early Mesozoic, 29, 30  
 Revolution, 122, 129
- Mediterranean Basin**, 104
- Mediterranean Sea**  
 subsidence of, 129  
 western, 119–132
- Melaferrogabbros**, 477–480, 482
- Melange**, 217, 219, 220, 225, 226, 228–233, 235, 237, 238, 281, 418, 424, 427
- Mesozoic**, 121, 123–127  
 Mediterranean during early, 29, 30
- Metabasalt**, 197
- Metagabbro**, 197  
 assimilation of, 485, 486
- Metahalloysite**, 492, 494, 495
- Metamorphism**, 195, 198  
 high-pressure–low temperature, 434–436  
 late Paleozoic, 465  
 mountain-belt, 395, 396, 399
- Meteorite impact**, 606–608, 610, 619, 620
- Mid-Atlantic Ridge**, 382
- Mid-Cenozoic**, 101, 102, 105, 106
- Middle Europe**, 102
- Mid-ocean ridge**, 199, 202. *See also* Mid-Atlantic Ridge; Mid-Pacific Ridge  
 ridge crests, 195, 196, 201–203
- Mid-Pacific Ridge**, 70, 71
- Mineral assemblages at contacts**, 494
- Mining**, 627  
 debris, radioactive, 629
- Minor elements**, 623–625
- Miocene**, 104, 105, 120–121, 129
- Mississippi embayment**, 68, 104
- Missouri**  
 Decaturville, 608
- Mohorovičić discontinuity**, 195–198, 203
- Molasse**, 104, 105
- Montmorillonite**, 63, 574, 576
- Morin massif**, 478–480
- Mountains**, origin of, 387–399
- Mount Albert**, 211–215
- Mount Olympus**, 201
- Mylonite**, brown hornblende, 255
- Nappes**, gravity, 129
- New Guinea**, 104, 106
- New Hebrides arc**, 105
- New Idria**, 277, 278
- New York harbor**, 624–626
- New Zealand**, 104, 276, 497  
 Red Hills, 211–214  
 Red Hills intrusion, 325
- Niger delta**, 105
- Niobium-95**, 628
- Norway**  
 Egersund, 141, 142, 147
- Norway-Caledonides**, 211–214
- Nuclear fuel processing plants**, 628  
 nuclear-powered ships, 628
- Ocean**  
 floor, 197, 198  
 surface currents, 628  
 volume, 93  
 water, 623
- Oceanic crust**, 195–199, 202, 203, 280–282  
 layer 1, 195, 196  
 layer 2, 195–199, 202

- Oceanic crust (*continued*)  
 layer 3, 195–197, 203  
 layer 4, 195
- Oceanic metabasalt, 535–538, 545, 550
- Oceanic trenches, 75–85  
 seaward migration of, 80–85
- Oligocene, 104, 105, 120
- Oligoclase, 535–552
- Olistolith, 423, 425
- Olistostrome, 415, 418–427  
 San Marco, 61
- Olivine, 198, 201, 203, 594, 595, 643, 652  
 gabbro, 198  
 lunar, 652  
 quench crystals, 289, 294  
 shock effects in, 651, 654, 658, 659
- Olympic interglaciation, 574
- Olympus massif, 227, 238
- Oman Mountains, 203
- Onverwacht Group, 289, 291
- Ophiolite, 196, 197, 203  
 alpine, 225, 226, 235, 236
- Order parameter, 556
- Orogeny (deformation), 101, 104, 226, 232, 238  
 Hercynian, 121, 123  
 Kenoran, 149
- Pacific Ocean. *See also* Caroline Basin; Circum-Pacific belt; Coral Sea Basin; East Pacific Plate; Fiji arc; Mid-Pacific Ridge  
 border, United States, 104  
 northeast, 627, 628  
 western, 36, 40, 43–53
- Pakistan  
 Hindubagh, 498
- Paleomagnetism, 14, 141
- Paleotectonic maps, 43–53
- Parental magmas, 477–487  
 anorthositic series, 477–487  
 comagmatic, 477, 479, 486  
 composition, 484–486  
 independent, 477, 479–484  
 quartz mangeritic series, 477–487  
 source, 477, 484, 486
- Pargasite, stability, 252
- Pelagonian zone, 226, 227, 232, 237, 238  
 sub-Pelagonian zone, 226, 237
- Penninic, 211–214
- Peridosphere, 352
- Peridotite, 195–197, 201, 203, 491, 493, 494, 497  
 alpine-type, 289  
 diapiric, 209, 216, 220
- Peridotite (*continued*)  
 emplacement of, 210, 218–219  
 fabric, 593, 595, 596, 602  
 intrusion of, 210  
 lava, 289, 290, 295, 296  
 Loma caribe serpentized, 499  
 magma, 289, 290  
 Mayaguez serpentized, 497  
 mylonite, 250  
 oceanic, 265  
 pargasite, 251
- Peristerite solvus, 535, 548–551
- Permafrost, 661, 662, 665–668
- Pesticides, 626
- Petroleum, 623
- Philippines arc, 105
- Pigeonite, 643  
 chemical relations, 526, 527  
 crystallographic studies, 527–529  
 experimental studies, 529–531  
 nomenclature, 531, 532  
 subsolidus relations, 525  
 textures and occurrence, 524–526
- Pillow lavas, 195, 196, 198, 199, 201, 202, 290, 291, 293
- Pindos zone, 226, 237
- Plagioclase, 144, 145  
 albite, 405, 407, 411  
 calcic, 405, 411  
 disorder, 535–552  
 high-temperature, 407, 411  
 lattice parameters, 545, 548
- Planar features in quartz, 606, 609
- Plastic deformation, 609, 615
- Plates  
 motion of, 11, 16, 18  
 oceanic, 65
- Plate-edge interaction, 399
- Plate tectonics, 198, 445. *See also* Americas Plate; Caribbean Plate; Mid-Pacific Plate  
 differential shift, 345, 347, 348
- Pleistocene, 573, 574, 576, 580, 581
- Plumes  
 in mantle, 7, 8
- Polarity, structural, 121
- Polar wander, 14, 15
- Pole positions, 141, 147
- Porphyritic texture, 407, 411
- Potassium-argon age, 264
- Potassium-rubidium ratios, 262
- Proto-Atlantic, 168
- Pseudotachylite, 606, 614, 615
- Puerto Plata, 415, 416, 418–421, 424, 425–426, 428

- Puerto Rico, 58, 61, 62, 382  
 Puerto Rico Trench, 57, 63, 339, 341, 344,  
 348, 416–418, 426–428  
 Pulsations, 67, 68, 70, 71  
   and constant polarity, 71  
 Pulsation Theory, 67  
 Pumpellyite, 7, 11  
 Puyallup interglaciation, 574  
 Pyrenees, 102  
 Pyroxene, 144, 145, 201  
   high-alumina, 646  
   lunar, 525, 531  
   pigeonitic, 523–534  
   pressure-temperature indicators, 254  
 Pyroxenite, 195, 198, 201, 202
- Quartz  
   planar features of, 606, 609  
 Quartz-mangeritic series, 477–487  
   chemical variations in, 478–484  
   Roaring Brook, 483, 484  
   Tupper-Saranac, 483–485  
 Quartz monzonite, 489, 491, 494  
   leuco-, 491, 495
- Quebec  
   Allard Lake, 141, 147  
   Asbestos (town), 491, 492, 497  
   Black Lake, 490, 492, 493, 497  
   dioritic rocks, 491  
   eastern townships, 489–501  
   granitic rocks, 491  
   rodingitic rocks, lime-rich, 495  
   southeastern, 489–501  
   Thetford mines, 490, 492, 493, 497  
 Quetico-Shebandowan, 211–214  
 Quick clay, 415, 427
- Radioactive fallout, 628  
 Radioactive sediment, 627–628  
 Radionuclides  
   grain-coating sorption of, 627  
   in Clinch River, 627  
   radio-activated, 627  
   sediment accumulation determination and,  
   627
- Rain  
   wind-born solids in, 626  
 Red Hills intrusion, New Zealand, 325  
 Red Hills, New Zealand, 211–214  
 Red Sea, 104  
 Reducing environment, 109  
 Reflection profiling, 197  
 Regression, 102, 106  
 Resolith, 665, 666  
 Reykjanes Ridge, 197
- Rhythm of the Ages, 68  
 Rif belt, 104  
 Rifted margins, 109–111  
 Rilles, 661–668  
   sinuous, 661–663, 666–668  
 Ring complexes, 183, 184  
 Rio Grande embayment, 104  
 Rivers, 623, 626–628  
 Roaring Brook quartz mangeritic series, 483,  
 484  
 Rocky Mountains, 104  
 Rodingite, 489, 493–495, 499. *See also* Quebec,  
   rodingitic rocks, lime-rich  
   dike, 493  
   gabbro, 198  
   origin, 497–499  
 Ronda intrusion, 211–214  
 Rubidium  
   in ultrabasic rocks, 261  
   –strontium age, 263  
 Russian Platform, 68
- Saint Paul's Rocks, 241  
 Sakhalin arc, 105  
 San Andreas fault zone, 382  
 Sand blow, 616, 617, 619  
 Sands, 624  
 San Francisco Bay, California, 628  
 Sardinia, 120  
 Scotland  
   Fetlar, Shetland Islands, 499  
 Screens, 481, 484, 486  
 Sea-floor sediments  
   object penetration into, 631–637  
 Sea-floor spreading, 195, 198, 280–283  
   in equatorial Atlantic, 266  
 Seamounts, 183, 190–192, 197  
 Sector zoning, 648  
 Sediment  
   movement on continental shelf, 628  
   radioactive, 627–628  
   sea-floor, object penetration into, 631–637  
   transient discharges, 624, 625  
 Sedimentary process, 623–630  
 Sedimentological experiments, 623–630  
 Sediment tracers  
   abrasives, 624  
   glass fragments, 624  
   mullite, 623, 624, 626  
   paper fibers, 627  
 Sediment yield  
   effect of agriculture on, 623, 625–627  
   effect of construction on, 627  
   effect of mining on, 627  
 Segregation vesicles, 411, 412



- Seismic anisotropy, 593, 598–602  
 Seismic refraction, 195, 196, 198, 203  
 Seismic velocity, 196, 203  
 Septichlorites, 494  
 Seriate texture, 407, 411  
 Serpentine, 290, 291, 294, 296  
   inclusions in, 299–301  
 Serpentinite, 195–197, 203, 415, 418, 419,  
   423, 489, 492, 495, 496, 499  
   dehydration, 279, 280, 289, 495  
   density, 278  
   protrusive, 278, 281–283  
   sedimentary, 275–278  
 Serpentinization, 198, 201–203, 497, 498  
   sub-Mohorovičić, hypothesis of, 69, 70  
 Sewage solids, 627  
 Shatter cones, 606, 613, 614, 617  
 Sheet intrusions, repetitive subconformable,  
   486  
 Shetland Islands  
   Fetlar Island, 499  
 Shock deformation, shock front, and shock  
   metamorphism, 605, 606, 610, 612  
 Shulaps Range, British Columbia, 211–215,  
   498  
 Sicily, 120  
 Sierra Madera, Texas, 608, 610, 611, 620  
 Sierra Nevada facies, 465–467  
 Sierra Nevada Range, 211–215, 217  
 Silica-deficient environment, 489, 499  
 Silicon carbide, 624  
 Sillimanite, 465–467, 471  
 Silt, 624, 628  
 Sinking rates, 628  
 Skaergaard, comparison with, 479, 481, 482  
 Slump folds, 61  
 Slumping, 424–427  
   gravitational, 64  
 Snow, wind-born dust in, 626  
 Snowy Mountain massif, 478, 479, 481  
 Soot, 623, 626  
 South Africa, 289, 290  
 Spain, 120  
 Spheue, 201  
   deformation of, 585  
 Spilite, 401–413  
 Stability, 553, 568, 569  
 Staurolite, 465–467, 471  
 Steinmann's Trinity, 283  
 Stillwater complex, 503–520  
 Stilpnomelane, 407, 411  
 Strontium  
   isotopic ratios in ultrabasic rocks, 261  
 Strontium-90, 627  
 Strontium-rubidium age, 263  
 Stuck glaciation, 574  
 Subduction, 225, 226, 235–237  
 Subduction zone, 225, 235, 236, 429, 434–  
   436  
   flip of, 225, 236  
   shift of, 225, 236  
 Sundance Sea, 68  
 Supercooled conditions, 641, 650  
 Swaziland Sequence, 289–291  
  
 Talc, 626  
 Tanzania embayment, 105  
 Tectogene, 340, 369, 370  
 Tectonic history of Caribbean Mountains, 365–  
   366  
 Tectonics, 75–85  
   activity caused by mantle drag, 127  
   features, classification of, 122  
   implications of Caribbean serpentinite, 308–  
   309  
   implications of data, Andean Research Pro-  
   ject, 457–460  
   interpretation of data, 450–451, 454–455,  
   457  
   rotational poles, estimation of, 25–31  
   Trinidad, 369–389  
 Tellian belt, 102  
 Tennessee  
   Oak Ridge, 627  
   Wells Creek, 610, 611, 620  
 Tennessee River, 627  
 Ternary minimum, 492  
 Tethyan belt, 104–106  
 Tethyan ophiolites, 217  
 Tethyan orogenic system, 130  
 Thermohaline circulation, 109, 113–116  
 Thirteenth Lake, 479  
 Thulean volcanic province, 104  
 Tinaquillo, 211–215  
 Tostós facies, 465  
 Transgression, 102, 106  
 Trinidad  
   flysch, 372–374  
   southern, 104  
   tectonics, 369–389  
 Triple junction, 382  
 Trondhjemite, 430–432, 434  
 Troodos, 211–214  
 Troodos massif, 195, 197–204  
 Tulameen ultramafic complex, 318–320, 326  
 Tunisia, 104  
 Tupper-Saranac quartz mangerite series, 483–  
   485  
 Turbidites, 57, 58, 109, 110, 113, 114  
   in Venezuela, 372

- Twinning, mechanical, 585  
 Tyrhenian Basin, 120
- Ultrabasic rocks  
   alkaline, 255  
   argon content of, 255  
   helium content of, 266
- Ultramafic complexes  
   age, 326  
   analyses, 316  
   andesites, association with, 326  
   Blashke Islands, Alaska, 322  
   Cerro Pelon, Venezuela, 315, 328  
   descriptions, 314, 315  
   Duke Island, Alaska, 317, 322, 323  
   El Chacao, Venezuela, 314  
   fractional crystallization in, 316, 317, 321, 323  
   Hope, British Columbia, 325  
   origin of, 315–317  
   parent magma, 321, 322  
   petrologic significance of, 330  
   pyroxenes from, 323–325  
   tectonic significance, 330  
   Tulameen, British Columbia, 318–320, 326  
   Union Bay, Alaska, 318, 328  
   variation diagrams, 318–320  
   zoning, 328
- Ultramafic magma, 289
- Ultramafic rocks, 225–228, 231–233, 237, 430–432, 434  
   alpine-type, 489–491  
   calcium oxide content of, 497  
   parallel belts of, 330, 331
- Underthrusting, 344, 345
- Union Bay ultramafic complex, 318, 328
- Ural Mountains  
   ultramafic rocks, 330, 331  
   volcanic rocks, 326
- Uvarovite, 494
- Vardar zone, 225, 227, 237
- Variation graphs, oxides, 479–484
- Vema fracture zone, Atlantic Ocean, 254
- Venezuela, 369–386, 492, 493  
   Andes, 369, 371, 374, 378, 380, 449–462, 465  
   blueschist facies, 372, 373  
   Boconó fault, 374, 378  
   Caribbean Mountains, 363–367  
   Cerro Pelon ultramafic complex, 315, 328  
   Coast Range, 371, 372  
   Cretaceous in, 387–399  
   El Chacao ultramafic complex, 314  
   El Pilar fault zone, 374, 376, 379, 380
- Venezuela (*continued*)  
   epidote-amphibolite facies, 372, 373  
   Falcón Basin, 371, 374, 375, 378, 380  
   flysch, 369, 372–374, 380, 382  
   Los Cristales group, 315  
   Maracaibo Platform, 371, 374  
   north-central, 387–399  
   northern, 104, 105  
   Oca fault, 374, 377–380, 382  
   Paraguana Peninsula, 371, 372, 379  
   Villa de Cura group, 314, 318
- Venezuelan Coast Ranges  
   lithologic correlations in, 429, 430, 432, 433  
   metamorphism in, 429, 434, 436
- Vermont, 276, 277
- Villa de Cura group, Venezuela, 314, 328
- Virgin Islands, 401–413
- Volatiles, 661, 665–668
- Volcanic islands, 196
- Volcanic rocks  
   calc-alkaline, 442, 444  
   Ural Mountains, 326
- Volcanism, 101, 102, 104, 105  
   Eocene, 63  
   in southeast Caribbean, 389–390, 392, 393, 395–399
- Volcanoes, 13, 346, 347, 348  
   Fernandia, 184, 186  
   growth of, 183–190  
   morphology of, 183–192  
   submarine, 196
- Vourinos, 211–214
- Vourinos complex, 225–229, 232, 233, 235–238
- Wairakite, 405, 411
- Walvis Ridge, 163
- Washington (state), 573–581, 628  
   Cascade Range, 573, 574, 576  
   Olympic Peninsula, 573, 576
- Waste discharge, 623–630
- Waste solids, 623–627
- Water Island Formation, 401, 413
- Water, juvenile, 196
- Weathering, 576, 580, 581
- West Indies, 104, 105
- White dikes, 489, 490
- Wildflysch  
   in Trinidad, 373, 374, 380  
   in Venezuela, 372, 373, 380
- Wind transport of sediment, 626
- Xenoliths of peridotite, 496
- X-ray diffraction, 624, 627

Yucatan, Mexico, 105

Zeolite, 63

Zinc-65, 627, 628

Zirconium-95–niobium-95, 628

Zwischengebirgen, 219

Zygosti belt, 225, 232, 233