

**Sanchez-Alavez M, Tabarean IV, Osborn O, Mitsukawa K, Schaefer J, Dubins J, Holmberg KH, Klein I, Klaus J, Gomez LF, Kolb H, Secrest J, Jochems J, Myashiro K, Buckley P, Hadcock JR, Eberwine J, Conti B, Bartfai T. Insulin causes hyperthermia by direct inhibition of warm-sensitive neurons. *Diabetes* 2010;59:43–50**

The print version of the article listed above contains a typographical error on page 44, in the sentence “Injections of insulin (or vehicle aCSF), PI3K-I (or vehicle aCSF with 5% DMSO), or insulin antibodies (I8510; Sigma, St. Louis, MO) (or vehicle aCSF) were administered directly to the POA through the POA-implanted cannula (anterior-posterior [AP] from bregma = –0.38 mm, lateral [Lat] = midline, ventral [V] = 3.8 mm, cannula 26 GA, 10 mm length) using an injector (33 GA, protruding 0.4 mm beyond the tip of the cannula, total length 10.4 mm) connected to plastic tubing and a microsyringe (10  $\mu$ l) in a volume of 0.5  $\mu$ l over a period of 5 min to allow diffusion (n = 5 mice per group).” The correct sentence should read as follows: “Injections of insulin (or vehicle aCSF), PI3K-I (or vehicle aCSF with 5% DMSO), or insulin antibodies (I8510; Sigma, St. Louis, MO) (or vehicle aCSF) were administered directly to the POA through the POA-implanted cannula (anterior-posterior [AP] from bregma = 0.38 mm, lateral [Lat] = midline, ventral [V] = 3.8 mm, cannula 26 GA, 10 mm length) using an injector (33 GA, protruding 0.4 mm beyond the tip of the cannula, total length 10.4 mm) connected to plastic tubing and a microsyringe (10  $\mu$ l) in a volume of 0.5  $\mu$ l over a period of 5 min to allow diffusion (n = 5 mice per group).” The online version reflects these changes.

**Oh E, Thurmond DC. Munc18c depletion selectively impairs the sustained phase of insulin release. *Diabetes* 2009;58:1165–1174**

In the RESEARCH DESIGN AND METHODS section of the print version of the article listed above, there are typographical errors in the sequences of the oligonucleotides used to generate the pSilencer1.0-siMunc18c constructs. The correct sequences are as follows: (number 1) 5'-ACAGCCGTGTTTCGATGACT-3'; (number 2) 5'-GCAGCGTATATATACTTCA-3'; (number 3) 5'-GCAGATCTCGAAGCAAGTA-3'; and (number 4) 5'-AGGATCGGTCTGCAGAAGA-3'. The number 2 sequence listed here was used to generate the psiMunc18c-Ad adenovirus. The online version reflects these changes.

**Wang H, Knaub LA, Jensen DR, Jung DY, Hong E-G, Ko H-J, Coates AM, Goldberg IJ, de la Houssaye BA, Janssen RC, McCurdy CE, Rahman SM, Choi CS, Shulman GI, Kim JK, Friedman JE, Eckel RH. Skeletal muscle-specific deletion of lipoprotein lipase enhances insulin signaling in skeletal muscle but causes insulin resistance in liver and other tissues. *Diabetes* 2009;58:116–124**

In the print version of the article listed above, the numbering of reference citations is incorrect. Although 35 references appear in the References section, only 34 are cited in the text of the article. Reference 1 was omitted following the first sentence in the Introduction, and every reference cited thereafter was altered by one number (for example, references 1 and 2 cited next in the text should be references 2 and 3, respectively, etc.). The online version reflects these changes.

**Zhang X, Bao S, Lai D, Rapkins RW, Gillies MC. Intravitreal triamcinolone acetonide inhibits breakdown of the blood-retinal barrier through differential regulation of VEGF-A and its receptors in early diabetic rat retinas. *Diabetes* 2008;57:1026–1033**

In the print version of the article listed above, the second affiliation for Xinyuan Zhang is incorrect. The correct affiliation is as follows: Beijing Institute of Ophthalmology, Beijing Tongren Eye Center, Beijing Tongren Hospital, Capital Medical University, Beijing, China. The online version reflects these changes.