Upon the original publication of the below listed articles, the Data Availability statement was inadvertently omitted. This erratum has been published to address the omission and note that the statements have been instated for the following papers:

Enhanced prediction of atrial fibrillation and mortality among patients with congenital heart disease using nationwide register-based medical hospital data and neural networks

Digital transformation of major scientific meetings induced by the COVID-19 pandemic: insights from the ESC 2020 annual congress

Social media in cardiovascular medicine: a contemporary review

Contact-free sensor signals as a new digital biomarker for cardiovascular disease: chances and challenges

Effect of a pragmatic home-based mobile health exercise intervention after transcatheter aortic valve replacement: a randomized pilot trial

Artificial intelligence assessment for early detection of heart failure with preserved ejection fraction based on electrocardiographic features

The effect of confounding data features on a deep learning algorithm to predict complete coronary occlusion in a retrospective observational setting

Electrocardiogram machine learning for detection of cardiovascular disease in African Americans: the Jackson Heart Study

Potential of eHealth smart technology in optimization and monitoring of heart failure treatment in adults with systemic right ventricular failure

Patient-reported outcomes in symptom-driven remote arrhythmia monitoring: evaluation of the Dutch HartWacht-telemonitoring programme

Transition of May Measurement Month to an online hypertension awareness campaign in Korea during the COVID-19 pandemic

Assessing the methodology used to study the ascending aorta haemodynamics in bicuspid aortic valve

Advanced heart sound analysis as a new prognostic marker in stable coronary artery disease

Mapping and quantification of the twitter footprint of cardiologists

Echocardiographic phenogrouping by machine learning for risk stratification in the general population

Deep learning analysis of resting electrocardiograms for the detection of myocardial dysfunction, hypertrophy, and ischaemia: a systematic review

Applications of artificial intelligence/machine learning approaches in cardiovascular medicine: a systematic review with recommendations

The discerning ear: cardiac auscultation in the era of artificial intelligence and telemedicine

Kardia Mobile and ISTEL HR applicability in clinical practice: a comparison of Kardia Mobile, ISTEL HR, and standard 12-lead electrocardiogram records in 98 consecutive patients of a tertiary cardiovascular care centre
Personalized teleprehabilitation in elective cardiac surgery: a study protocol of the Digital Cardiac Counselling randomized controlled trial


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